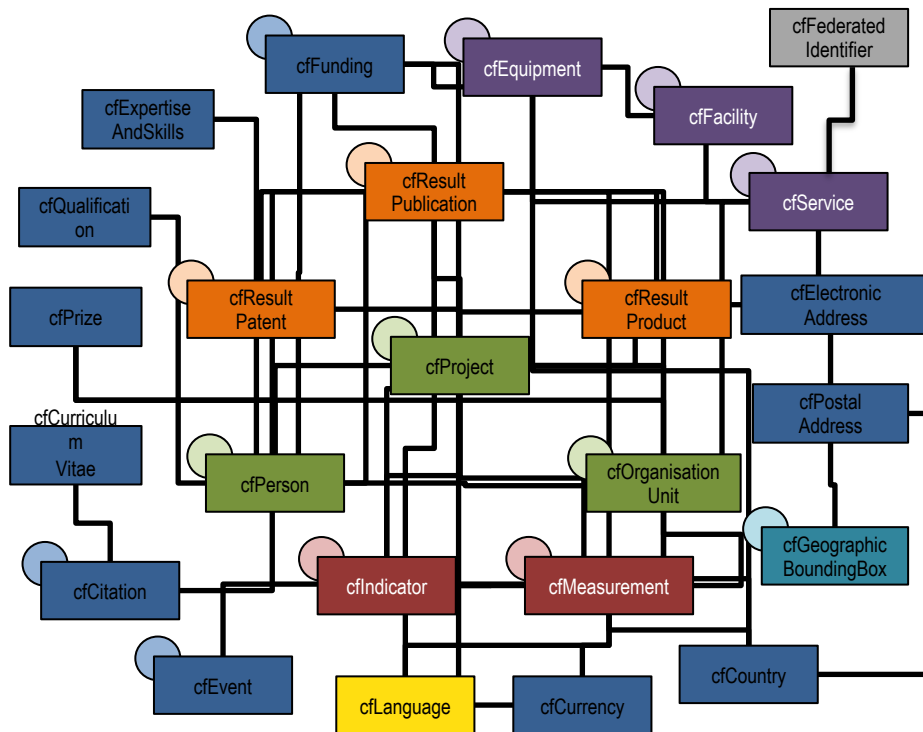


CERIF Tutorial



Jan Dvořák

May 30th, 2023

euroCRIS Membership Meeting
Brussels, Belgium

*This deck of slides is based on the CERIF Tutorial by **Brigitte Jörg**, CERIF TG Leader 2004–2012, and contains slides by **Valérie Brasse**, euroCRIS Executive for projects 2011–2015. It also contains slides co-developed by **Dragan Ivanović** for the CERIF Refactoring Project.*

Jan Dvořák

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euroCRIS

- CERIF TG Leader since 2013
- President since 2023

Charles University, Institute of Information Studies and Librarianship

- Researcher & Lecturer

Czech Technical University in Prague, Computing and Information Centre

- IS Analyst: V3S+EZOP – operations and further development of the in-house built institutional CRIS

InfoScience Praha (2004–2016)

- Leader of the team: Research, Development & Innovation Information System (the national CRIS for [CZ])
- In other roles for the system since 1997

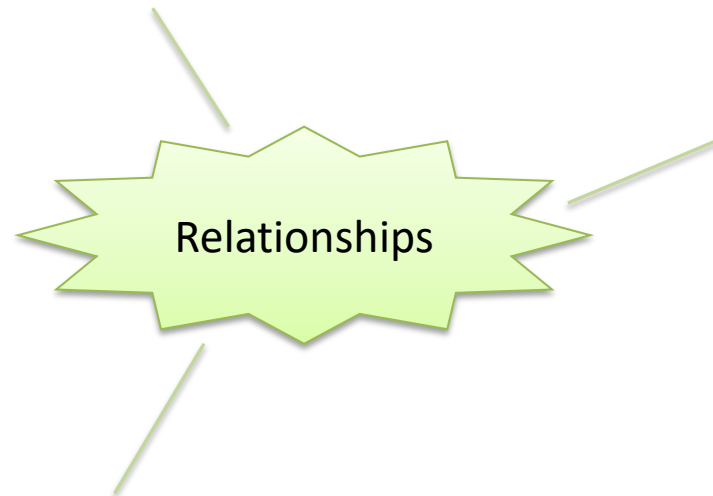
Research Information

The process of research

- Research projects
- Funding
- Research infrastructures

The research actors

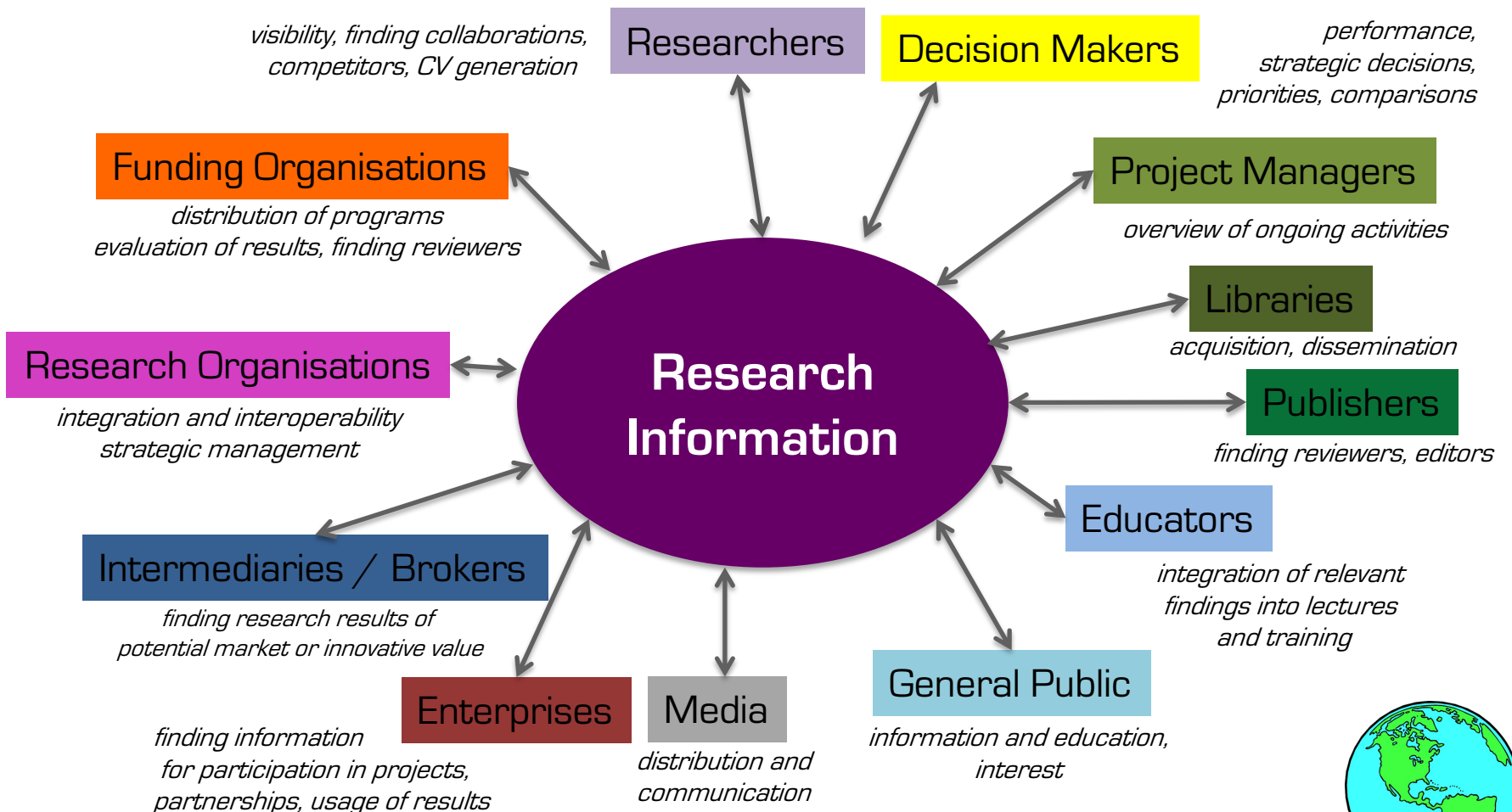
- Researchers
- Institutions
- Funders
- Publishers
- Facility operators
- Associations



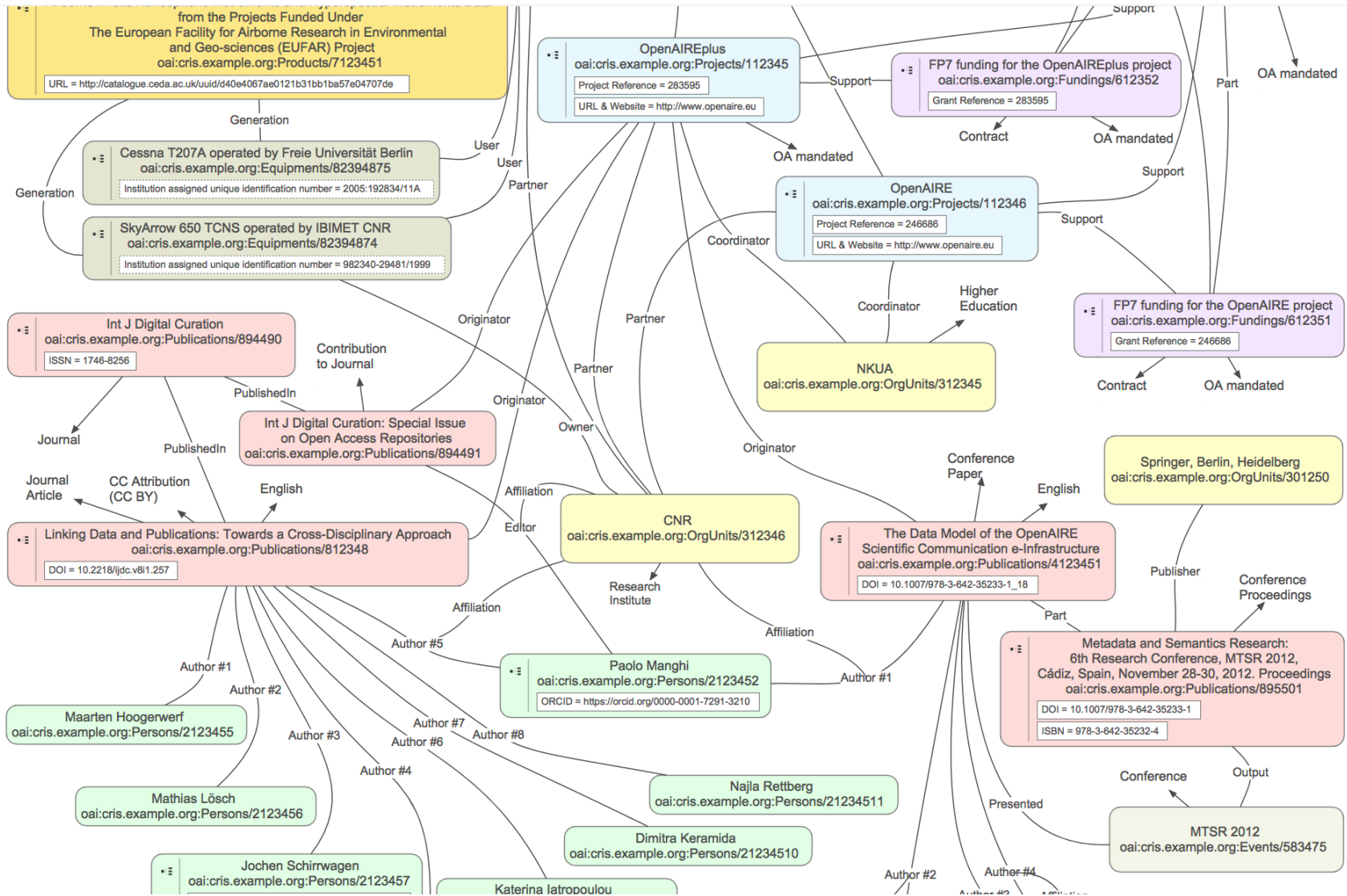
Research results

- Outputs (Publications, Research Datasets, Patents, ...)
- Outcomes, Impacts

Who needs Research Information?



Research Information is heavily interlinked



Different viewpoints on Research Information

Information perspective	Useful for
Researcher , his/her activities, results, ...	Researcher profile / CV system
Research Project , its consortium, team, funding, results, ...	Project webpage / report
Organisational Unit , its activities, results, ...	Unit webpage / report / evaluation report
Publication	Bibliometrics / panel evaluations
Research Facility	Tracking & reporting usage

What characterizes a research project?

An acronym → SEQSEL

A code (identifier), for ex a Grant number → Project reference: 317697
Funded under: FP7-PEOPLE

A name or title → Global cooperation to develop next generation whole genome SEQUENCE SElection tools for novel traits

A (planned) start date → From 2012-05-01 to 2016-04-30, ongoing project

A (planned) end date or duration → From 2012-05-01 to 2016-04-30, ongoing project

[A source of funding] → Ireland

A short or long description (abstract) → Objective: "The objective of this project, SEQSEL, is to build upon, solidify, formalise and condense the recently initiated, but as yet informal, relationships between several world-leading research partners in the EU (Ireland, The UK, and the Netherlands) and Oceania (i.e., Australia and New Zealand) in order to conduct joint research and participate in knowledge exchange and to identify regions of the bovine genome associated with feed intake and efficiency. The study will be undertaken in dairy cattl..."


[A few scientific publications] → Open Access via OpenAIRE: [Imputation of genotypes from low density \(50,000 markers\) to high density \(700,000 markers\) of cows from research herds in Europe, North America, and Australasia using 2 reference populations](#)
Pryce, J. E.; Johnston, J.; Hayes, B. J.; Sahana, G.; Weigel, K. A.; Mcparland, S.; Spurlock, D.; Krattenmacher, N.; Spelman, R. J.; Wall, E.; Calus, M. P. L. 2014

[A project coordinator] → TEAGASC - AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (Ireland)


[A research domain] → Subjects: Life Sciences

A web page (URI) → Source: http://cordis.europa.eu/project/rcn/106635_en.html

Home About this system Case Studies Contact us



Gateway to Research



Social Media Analysis for Social Geography

Lead Research Organisation: [Newcastle University](#)
 Department Name: Computing Sciences

[Go back](#)

[A source of funding]

Overview Organisations People Outcomes

Abstract

Many believe that social media data has the potential to give real insights into communities. However, there is a real challenge in unlocking this knowledge due to the enormous size and speed with which the data is generated, and a lack of understanding of issues such as ethics and the validity of conclusions drawn from the skewed sample of the population that social media users represent.

"Tweet My Street" is tackling these problems with the overall goal of understanding how the knowledge gained can benefit socially excluded communities. It is a multi-disciplinary collaboration involving social geographers, computer scientists and statisticians, which aims to:

- design a scalable system for social media data analysis
- create a tool that makes it easy for social scientists to ask questions and visualise results
- explore the use of modern statistical techniques to derive understanding from the data
- drive and evaluate the system through case studies, including the use of the new tools to augment existing social science methods, and to understand the way third sector organisations can make effective use of social media
- explore how the use of the tools can help the private and public sector to make key decisions.

Funded Value: **£449,388**

Funded Period: Feb 14 - Feb 16

Funder: ESRC

Project Status: Active

Project Category: Research Grant

Project Reference: ES/IM001636/1

Principal Investigator: [Paul Watson](#)

Research Subject: Human Geography

Research Topic: Social Geography
Urban Geography

[A research domain]

A few keywords

A name or title

A short or long description (abstract)

[A project coordinator]

[A source of funding]

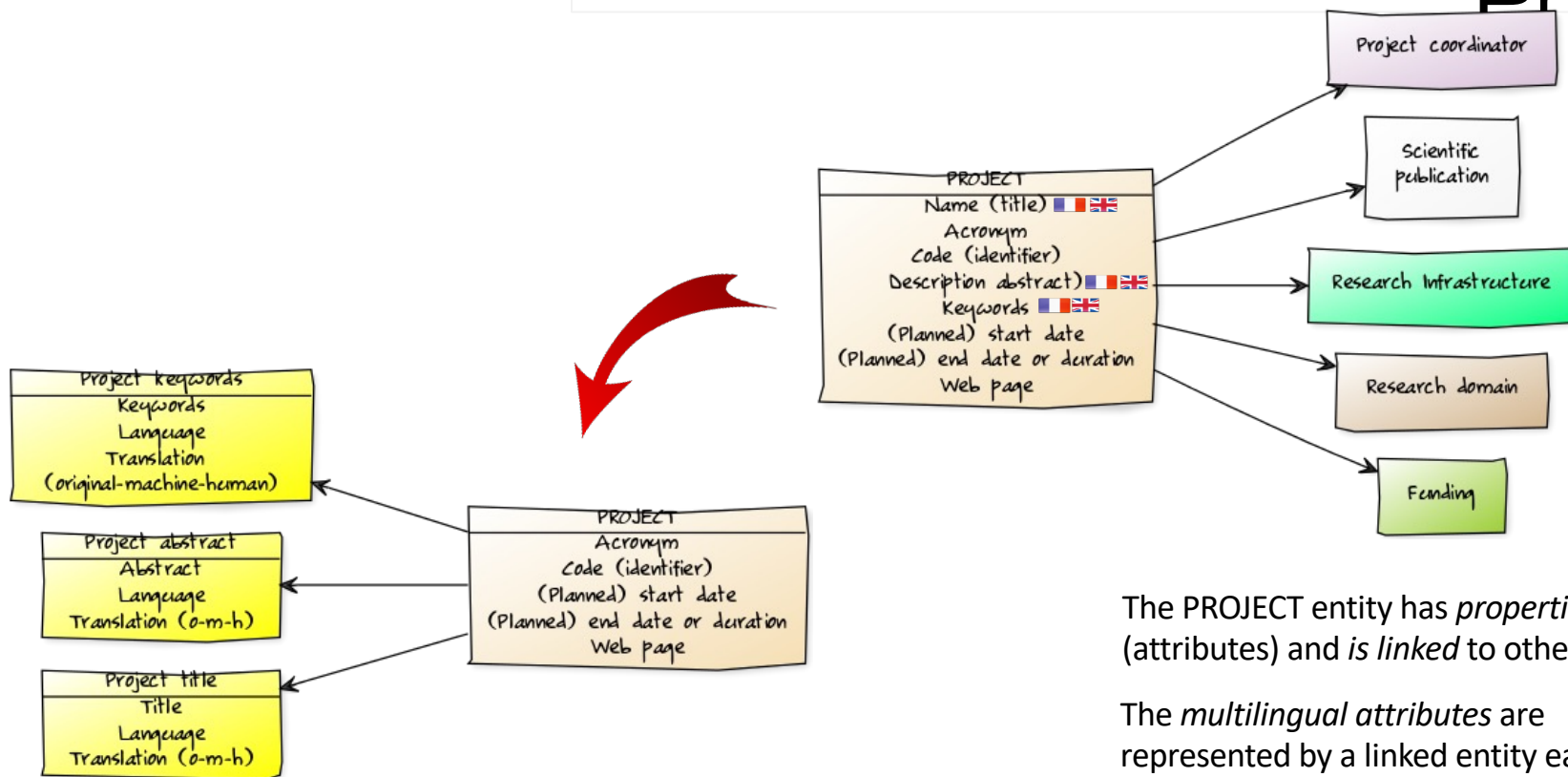
A (planned) start date
A (planned) end date or duration

A code (identifier), for ex a Grant number

A web page (URI)

Source: <http://gtr.rcuk.ac.uk/project/A49CA721-687A-4D55-8FDF-9B60375B6EA8>

Metadata for a Research Project



The PROJECT entity has *properties* (attributes) and *is linked* to other entities.

The *multilingual attributes* are represented by a linked entity each.


* "start date" and "end date" are deprecated in v1.6

Metadata for a Research Project


CERIF naming rule: in English, abbreviated, starting with *cf*

Example: Project title = *cfProjTitle*

cfPrjTitle		
cfProjId	ID	NN (PFK)
cfLangCode	Char(5 BYTE)	NN (PFK)
cfTrans	NChar(1)	NN (PK)
cfTitle	Char(255 BYTE)	NN

Project keywords 	
Keywords	
Language	
Translation	(original-machine-human)

cfPrjAbstr		
cfProjId	ID	NN (PFK)
cfLangCode	Char(5 BYTE)	NN (PFK)
cfTrans	NChar(1)	NN (PK)
cfAbstr	NClob	NN

Project abstract 	
Abstract	
Language	
Translation	(o-m-h)

cfProjKeyw		
cfProjId	ID	NN (PFK)
cfLangCode	Char(5 BYTE)	NN (PFK)
cfTrans	NChar(1)	NN (PK)
cfKeyw	Char(255 BYTE)	NN

Project title 	
Title	
Language	
Translation	(o-m-h)

PROJECT	
Acronym	
Code (identifier)	
(Planned) start date	
(Planned) end date or duration	
Web page	

cfPrj		
cfProjId	ID	NN (PK)
cfStartDate	Date	
cfEndDate	Date	
cfAcro	Char(16 BYTE)	
cfURI	Char(128 BYTE)	

Example in DB

cfProj

cfProjId (PK)	cfAcro	cfURI	cfStartDate	cfEndDate
project-ist-world	IST World	http://...	2005-04-01	2007-11-30

CERIF Project example database record			
Data	Attribute	Table	Type
project-ist-world*	cfProjId	cfProj	base
IST World	cfAcro	cfProj	base
http://www.ist-world.org/	cfURI	cfProj	base
2005-04-01	cfStartDate	cfProj	base
2007-11-30	cfEndDate	cfProj	base
Knowledge Base for RTD Competencies in IST	cfTitle	cfProjTitle	lang[en,o]
Wissensbasis für RTD Kompetenzen im Bereich IST	cfTitle	cfProjTitle	lang[de,h]
IST, Research Information, NMS, Portal,	cfKeyw	cfProjKeyw	lang
The objective of the project is to set up and populate an information portal with innovative functionalities ...	cfAbstr	cfProjAbstr	lang

cfProjTitle, PK = cfProjID + cfLangCode + cfTrans

cfProjID (FK)	cfLangCode	cfTrans	cfTitle
project-ist-world	EN	O	Knowledge Base for RTD Competencies in IST
project-ist-world	DE	H	Wissensbasis für RTD Kompetenzen im Bereich IST

cfProjKeyw, PK = cfProjID + cfLangCode + cfTrans

cfProjID (FK)	cfLangCode	cfTrans	cfKeyw
project-ist-world	EN	O	IST, Research Information, NMS, Portal

cfProjAbstr, PK = cfProjID + cfLangCode + cfTrans

cfProjID (FK)	cfLangCode	cfTrans	cfAbstr
project-ist-world	EN	O	The objective of the project is to set...

Source: http://www.eurocris.org/Uploads/Web%20pages/CERIF-1.3/Specifications/CERIF1.3_FDM.pdf

Project definition

A temporary endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service or result.

Source: the Project Management Institute, <https://www.pmi.org/about/learn-about-pmi/what-is-project-management>

In the research information domain, one typically tracks:

- (1) **research** projects, where the result is an addition to the body of knowledge of the mankind,
- (2) technology **development** projects, where the result is a particular technology or product,
- (3) **innovation** projects, where the result is an improvement of a product or process, and
- (4) projects that **create or enhance infrastructure** for research, technology development or innovation.

Depending on the scope one can also track finer levels of granularity: stages, work packages, sometimes even down to individual tasks. All such activities are also modelled using the Project entity and linked using the recursive link relationship.

The Project entity only captures details of the project scope and plan. Information about the resources needed to execute the project such as the funding (i.e., the grants received), the people and organisations involved, the supporting infrastructures, the outputs produced, etc. is contained in separate entities (the Funding entity, the Person entity, the OrgUnit entity, the infrastructure entities, the result entities respectively) and is linked to the Project.

INTERMEDIATE SUMMARY

- CERIF is:
 - A conceptual model
 - A storage format in relational database
 - A set of exchange formats (XML, Linked Data)
- CERIF supports multilingual data, storing the original value of a literal attribute, and for any other language, a value translated by a machine and/or a human
- So far, we have seen the CERIF Entity “PROJECT” (cfProj)



Common
European
Research
Information
Format

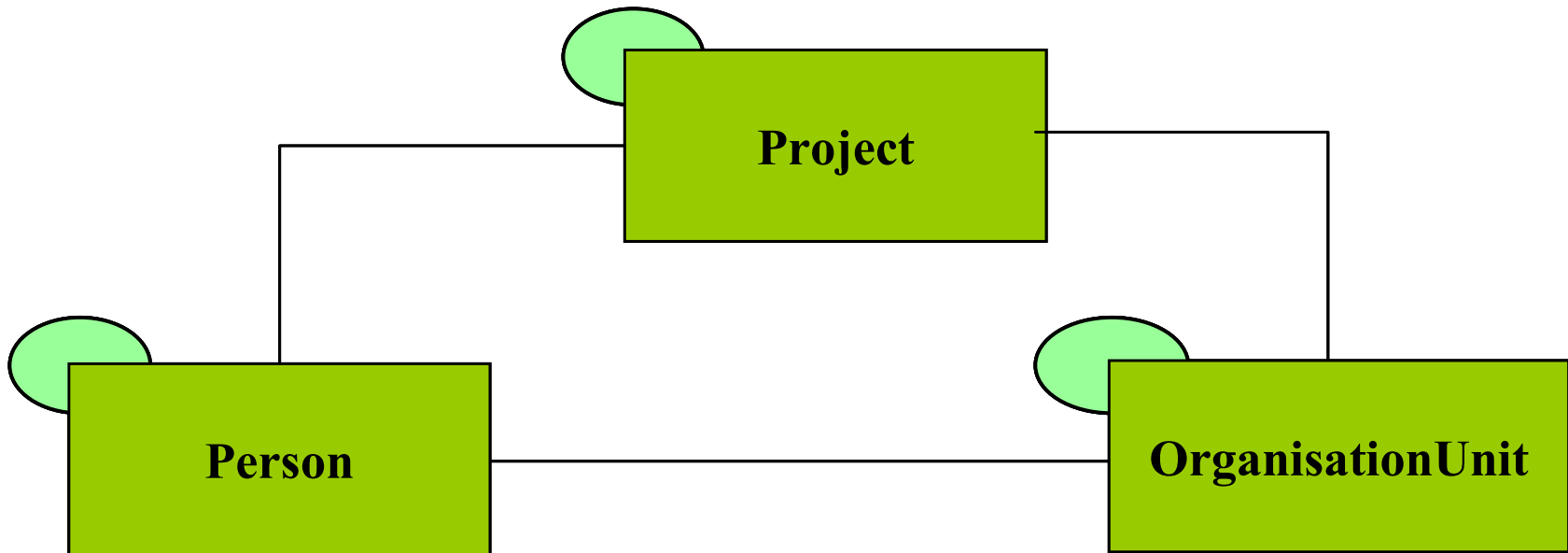
We have seen how to represent, store or exchange metadata about research projects.

Similarly:

- What characterises a person (researcher, Ph.D.,...)?
- What characterises an organisation (research laboratory, institute,...)?



CERIF Base Entities



Person definition

A human being as an individual.

Source: <https://en.oxforddictionaries.com/definition/person>

The kind of involvement of a Person in the research ecosystem is specified in the links with the organisations, the services, etc. This typically includes:

- (1) **researchers** (Persons performing research in an Organisation Unit as employees or students);
- (2) **authors** and **contributors** (Persons signing a publication, creators of data sets, software developers, etc.);
- (3) **investigators** and project **participants** (Persons involved in a Project as principal investigators, co investigators, project managers, consultants, etc.);
- (4) **management** (directors, rectors, deans, department heads, etc.);
- (5) **support** staffs (technicians, responsible for Equipment, librarians and digital asset curators, administrative staff, etc.).

One Person typically has many of these relationships.

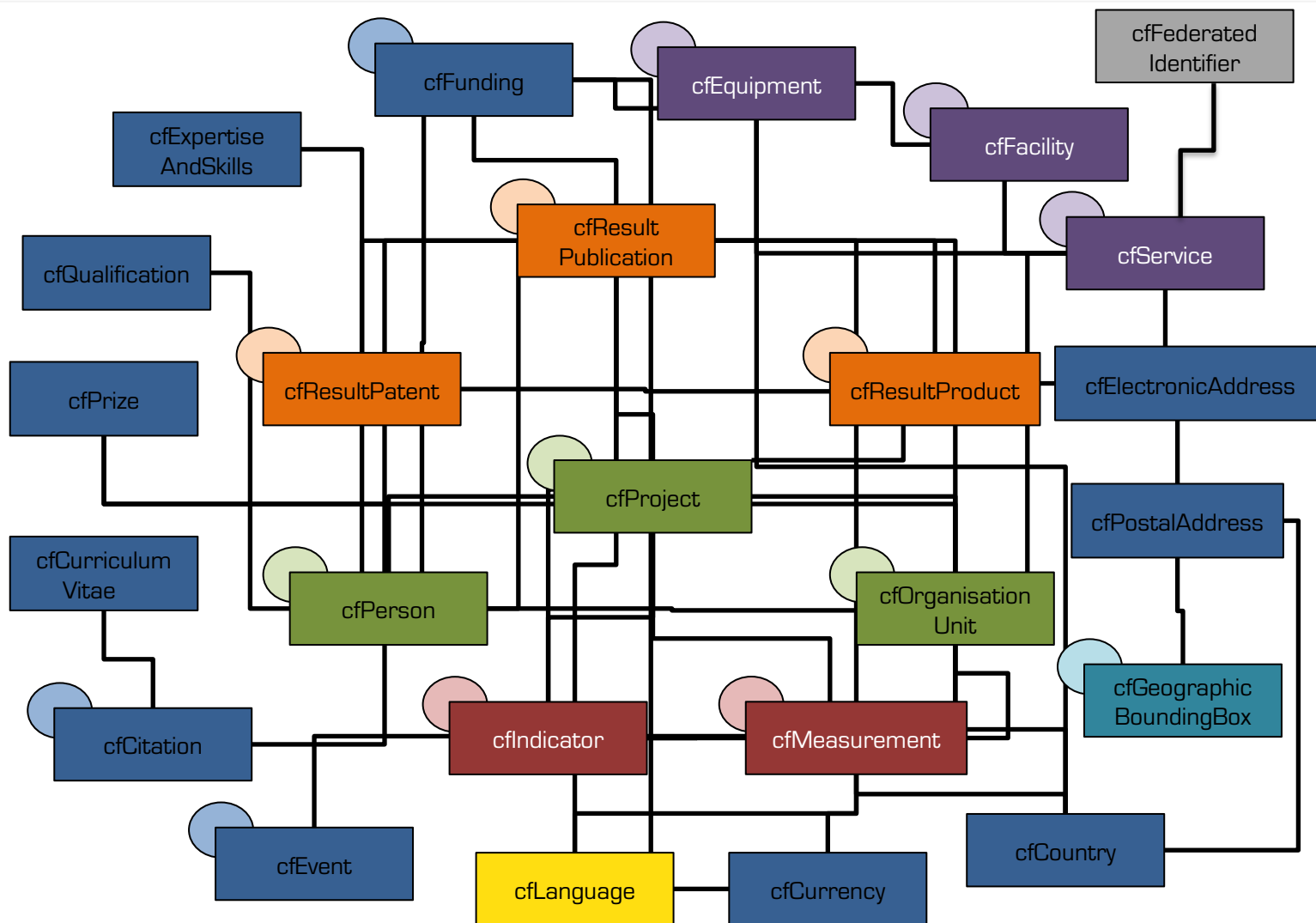
OrgUnit definition

Organisation Unit: an organisation, a unit therein, a committee or any other group of people that has a collective goal. Organisation Units are not necessarily formalized as legal entities.

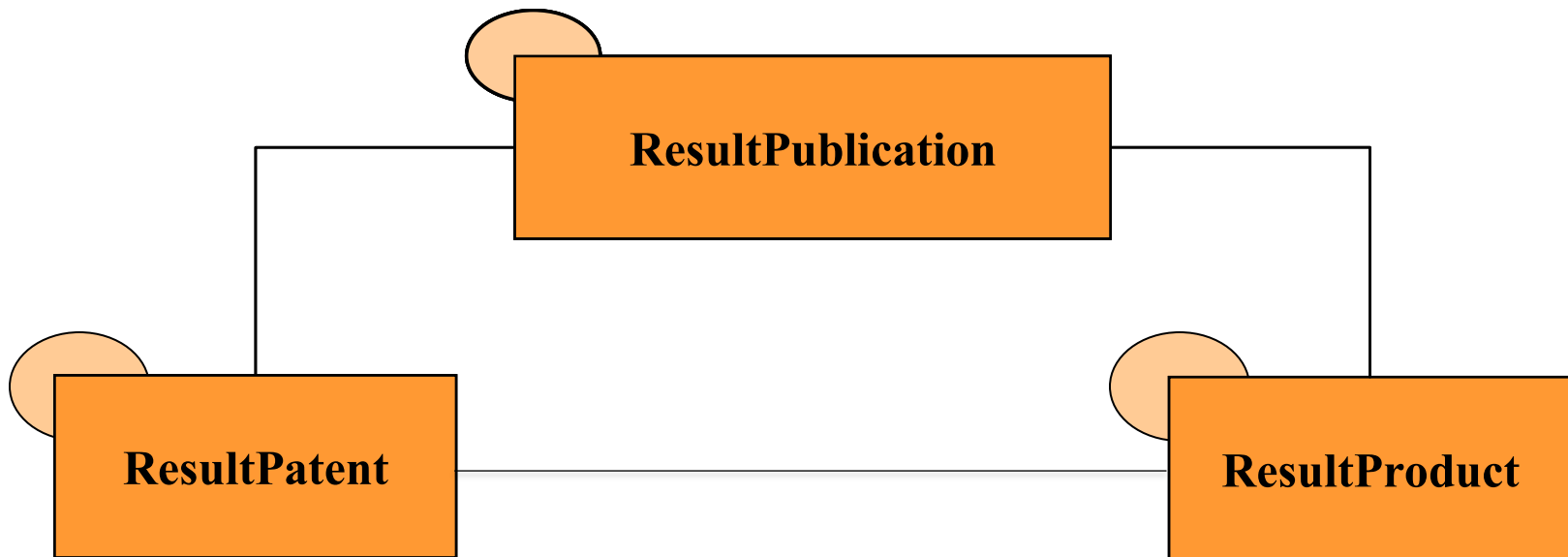
In the research information domain Organisation Units typically represents:

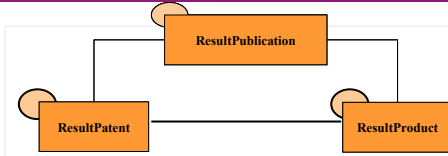
- (1) organisations that **perform research** (universities, research institutes, corporations) and their subdivisions (faculties, schools, departments, research groups) and other associated bodies (boards, advisory bodies);
- (2) organisations that **fund research** (funders, their divisions and evaluation panels);
- (3) scientific **associations and networks**;
- (4) **publishers**, facility **operators** and other **service providers** in the research space;
- (5) **authorities**, such as patent offices and standardization or supervision bodies; and
- (6) other bodies: editorial **boards**, evaluation **panels**, or **committees** of all kinds.

Common European Research Information Format

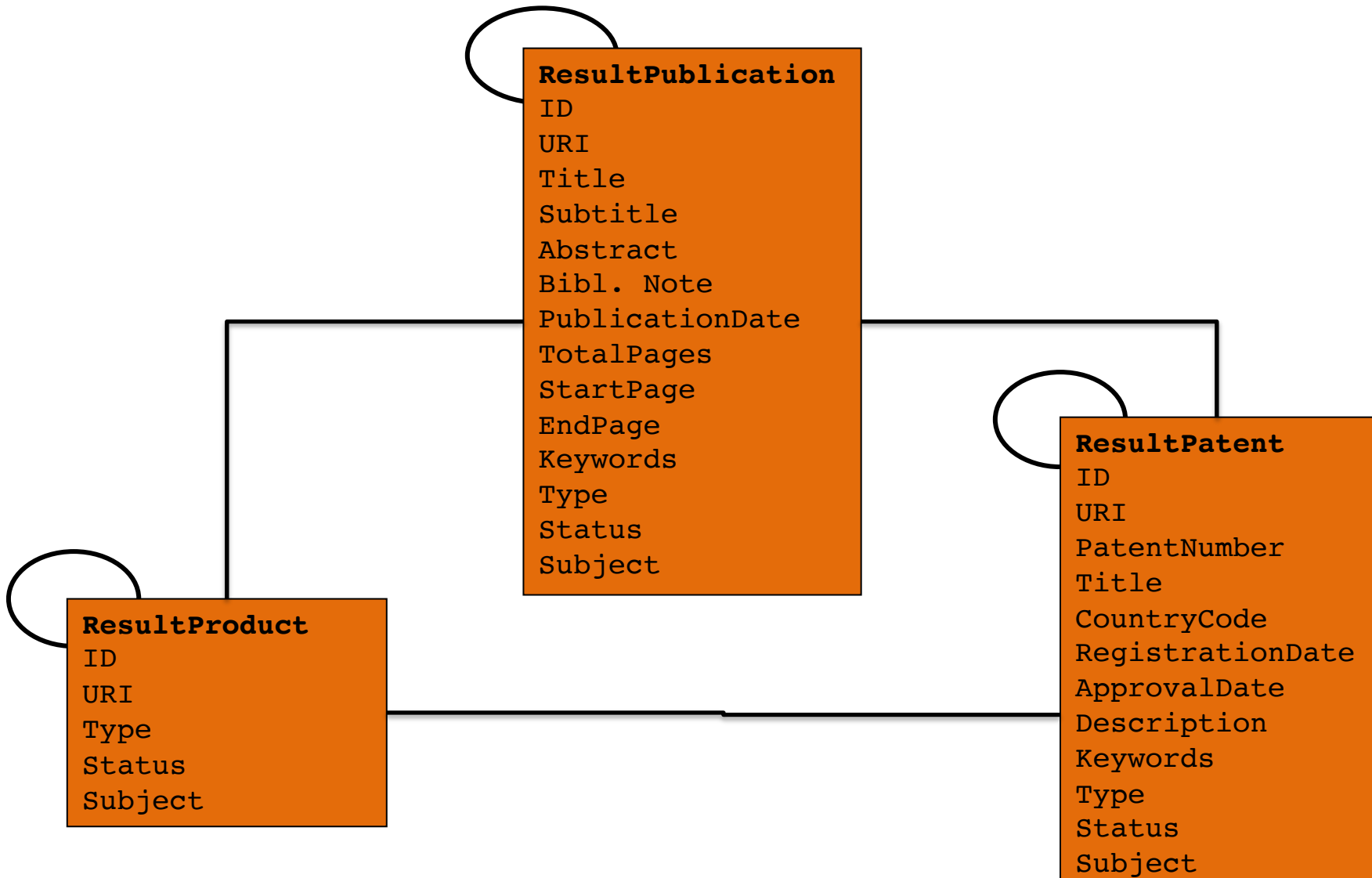


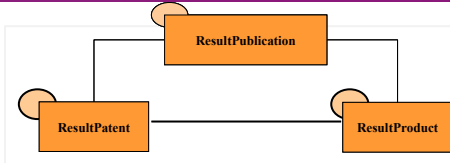
CERIF Result Entities



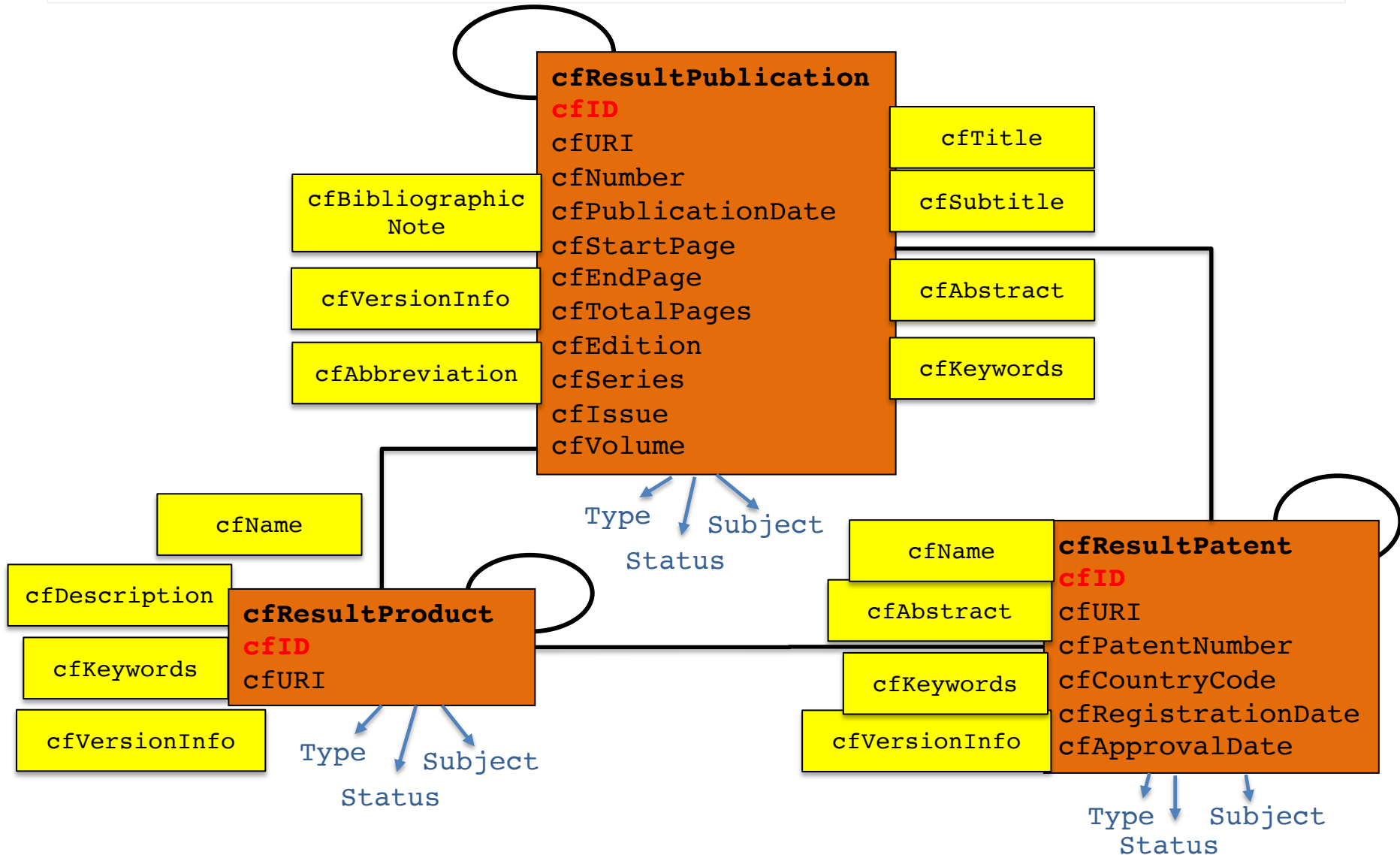


CERIF Result Entities

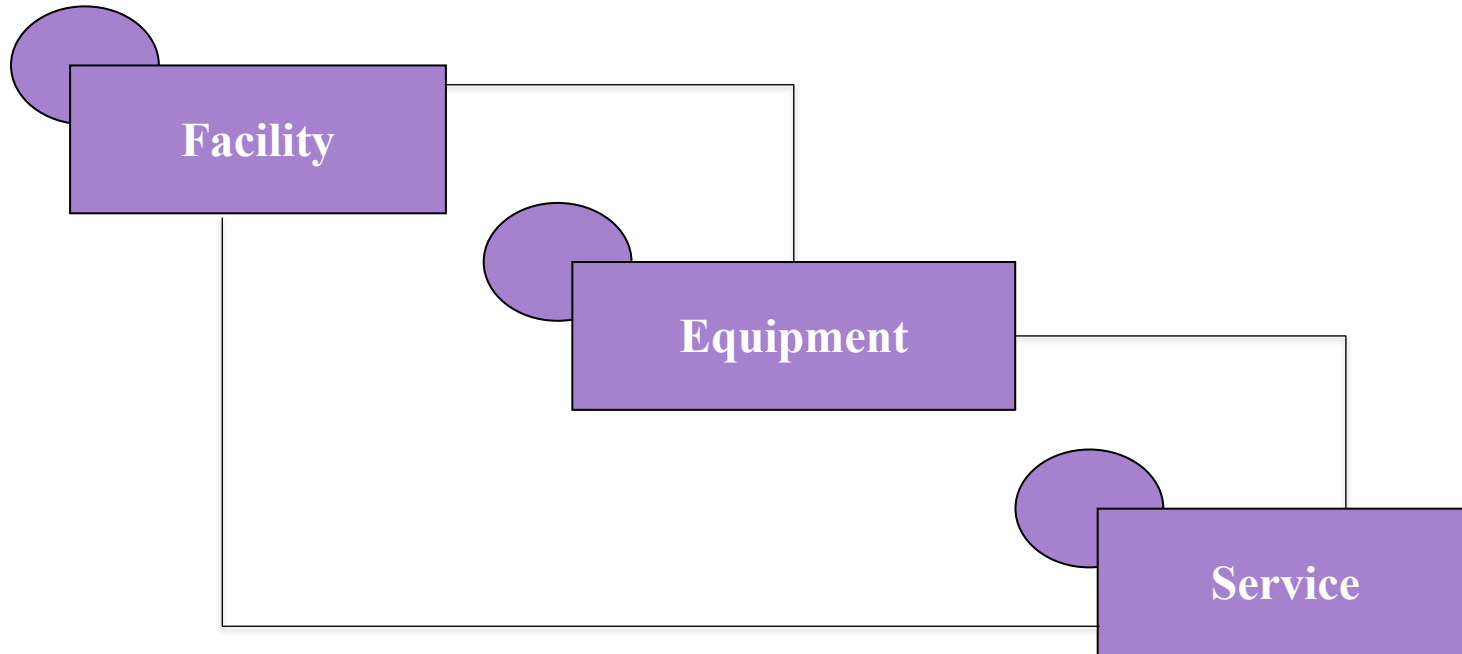


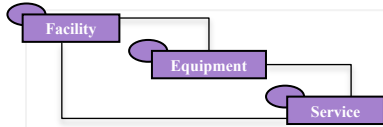


CERIF Result Entities

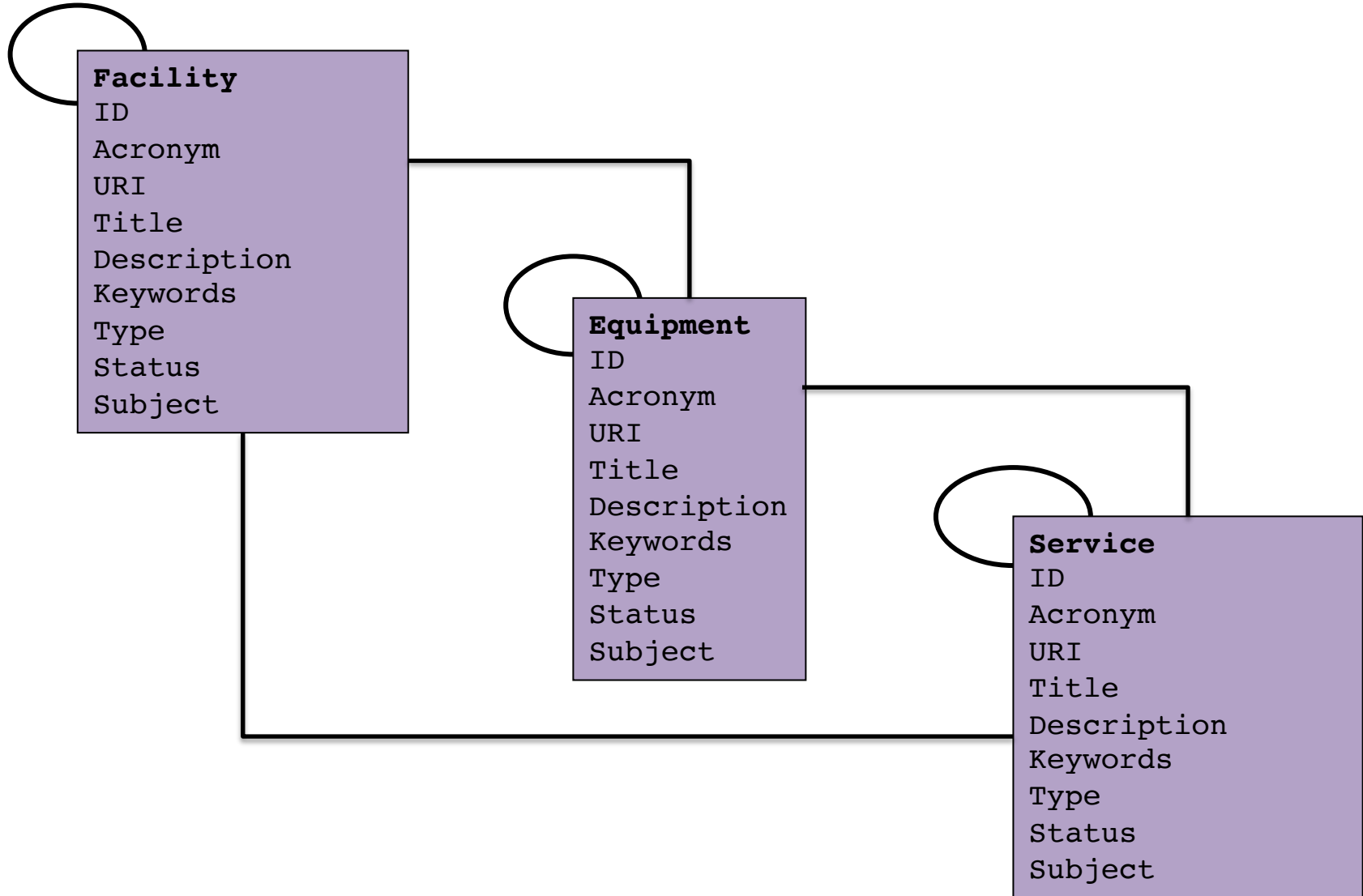


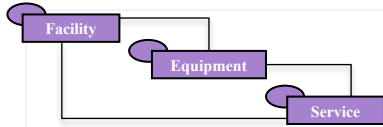
CERIF Infrastructure Entities



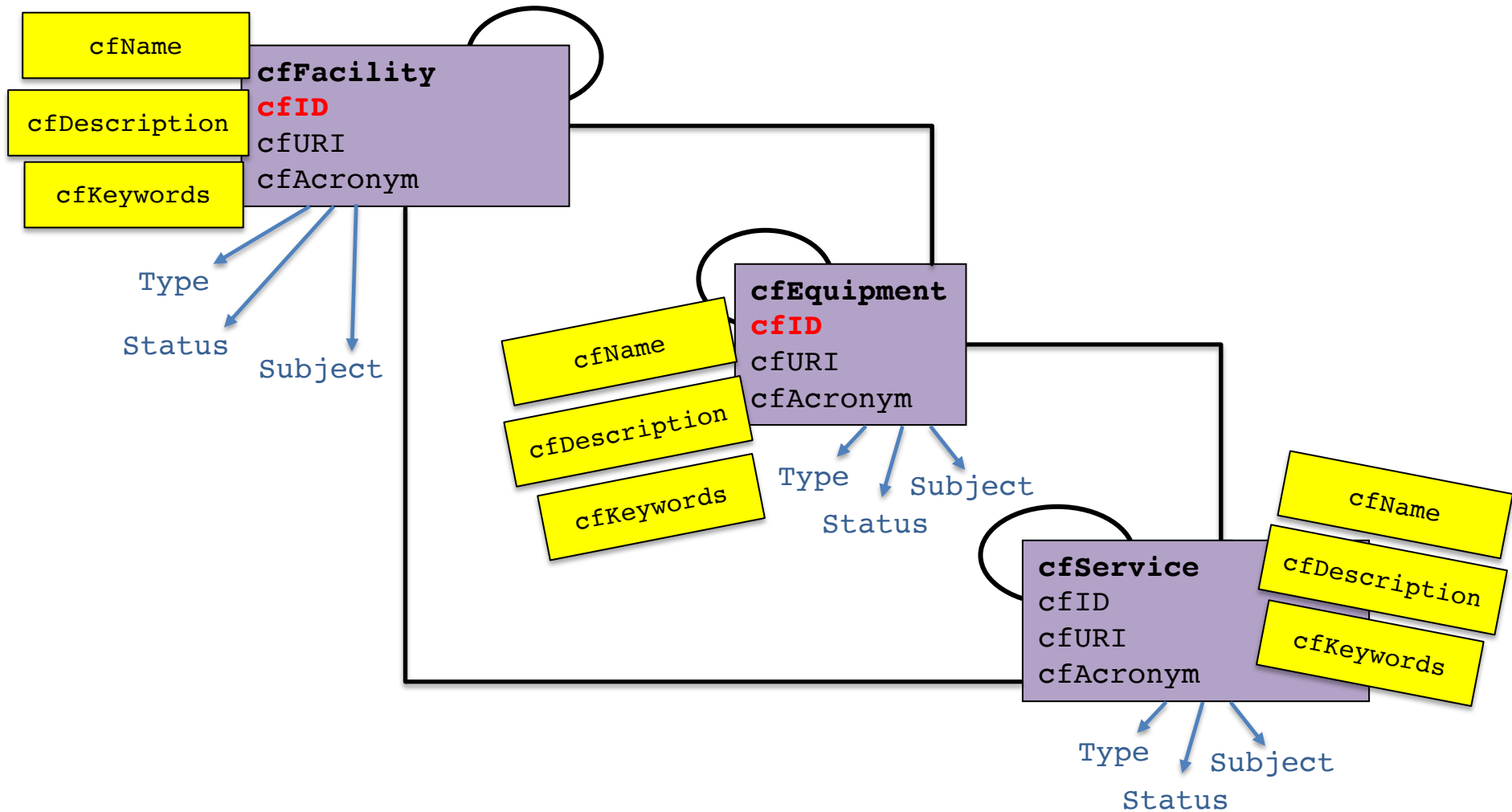


CERIF Infrastructure Entities





CERIF Infrastructure Entities

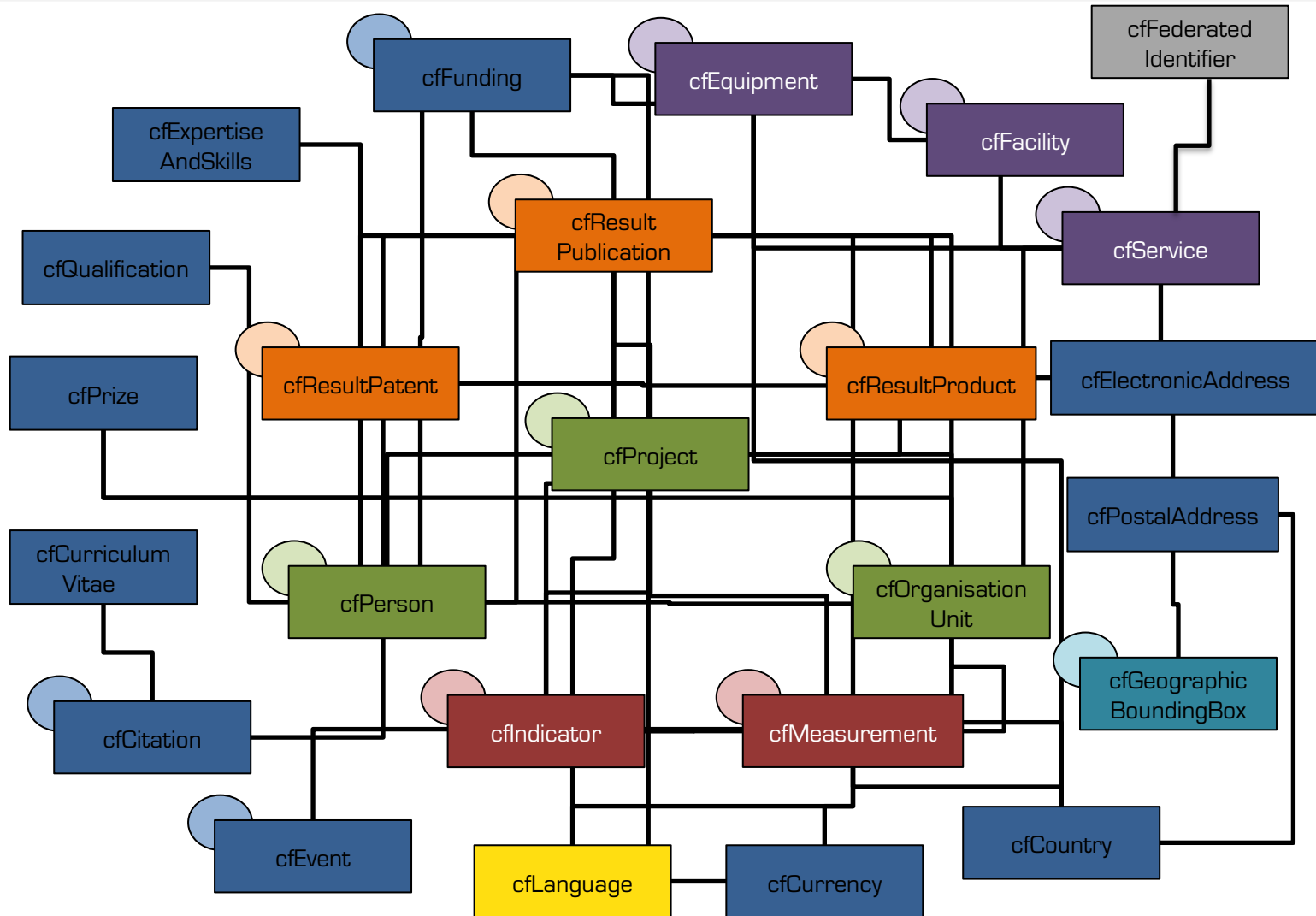


CERIF General Pattern

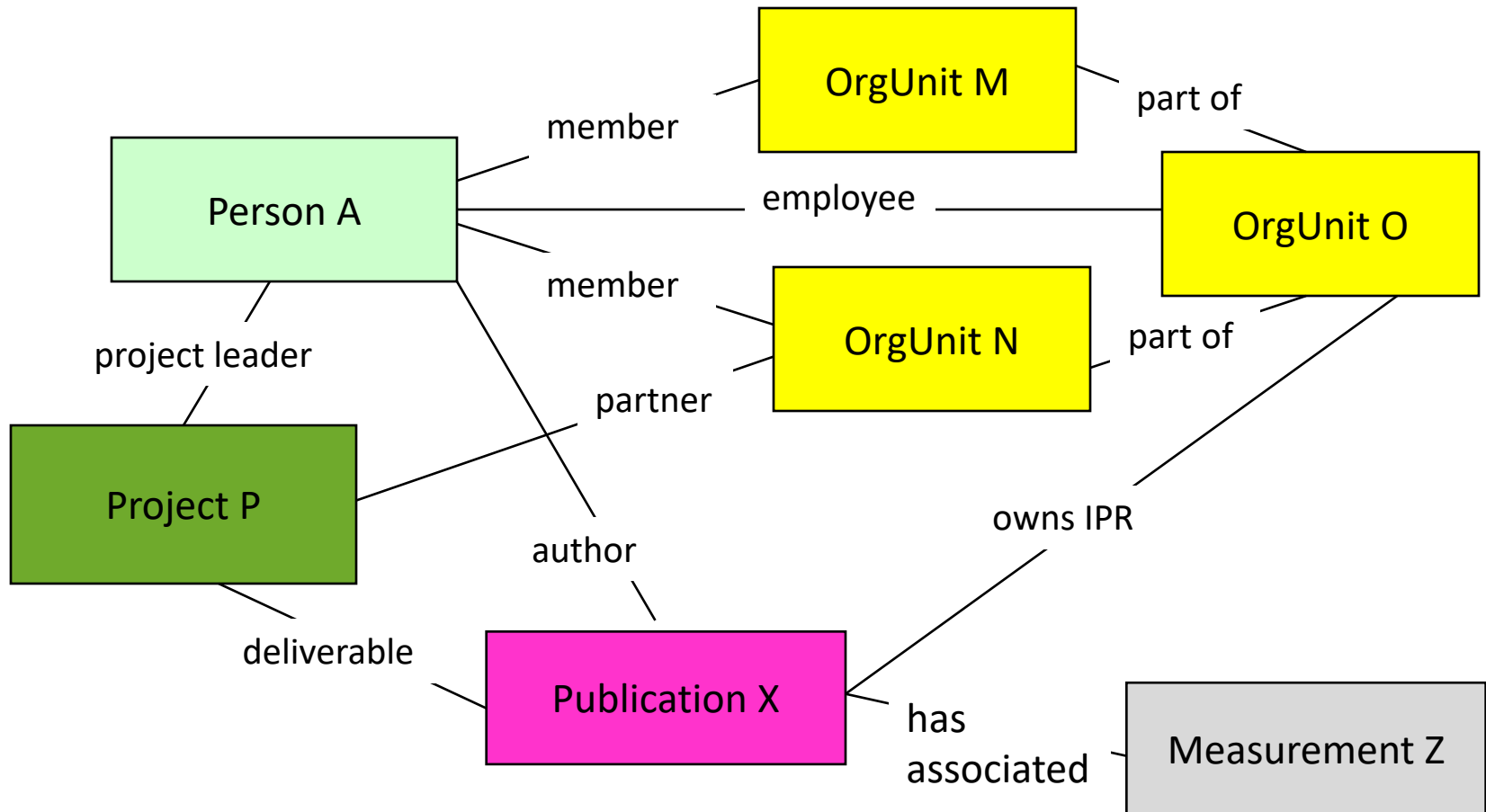
A typical CERIF entity has:

- Identifier (internal)
- Attributes
 - the basic ones
 - the multi-lingual ones
- External Identifiers
- Classifications
 - Type
 - Status
 - Subject area
 - + other
- Links
 - to other entities
 - recursive, a.k.a. self-referential

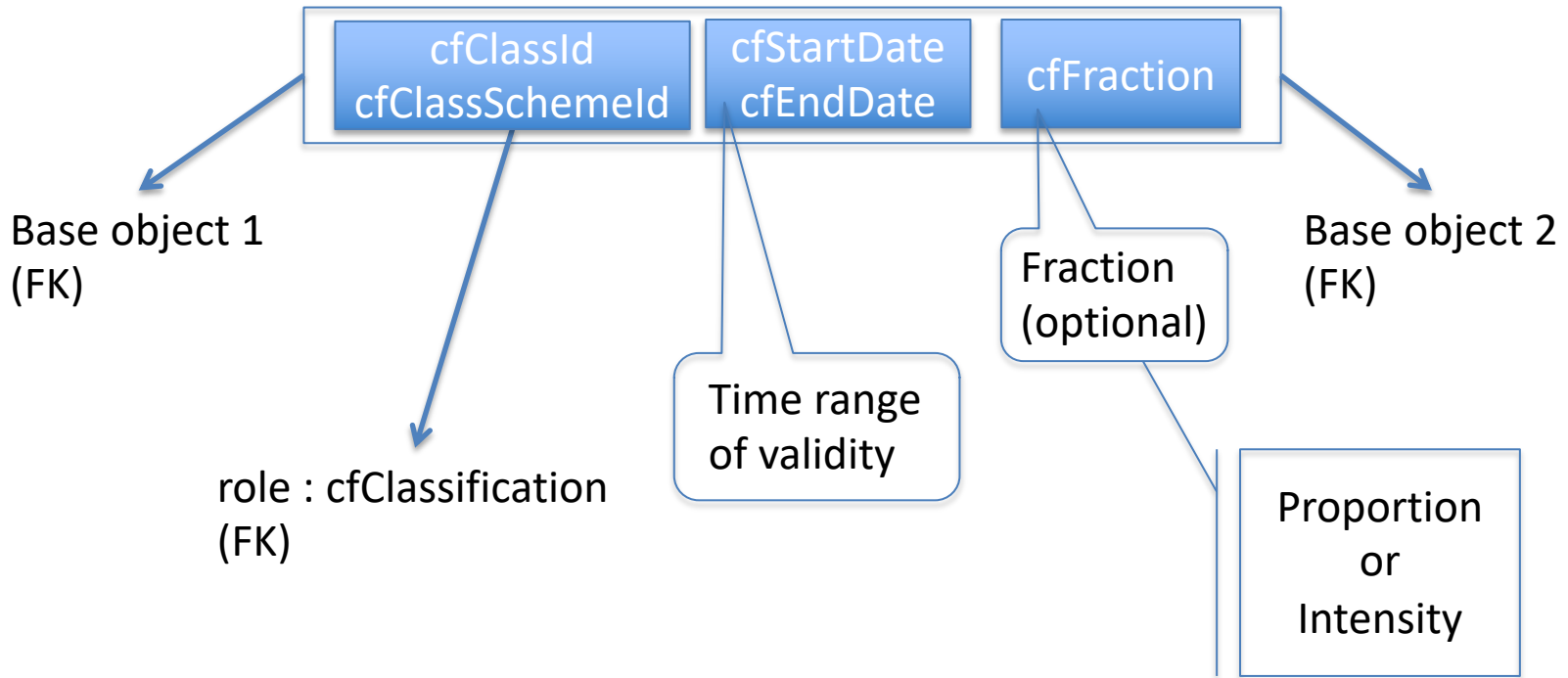
CERIF 1.6



Another example
(slide by Keith Jeffery)



Generic Linking Entity Structure



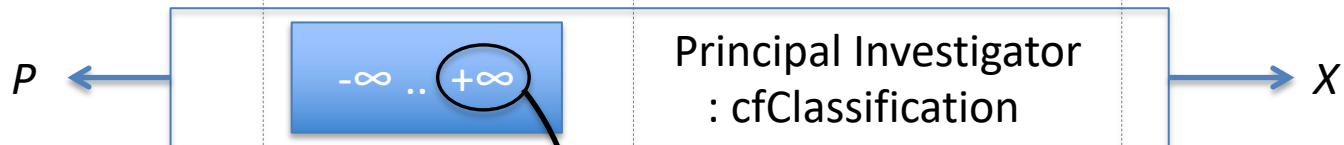
Recording Change in CERIF

Example: The Principal Investigator of project P changes: X is replaced by Y effective date D .

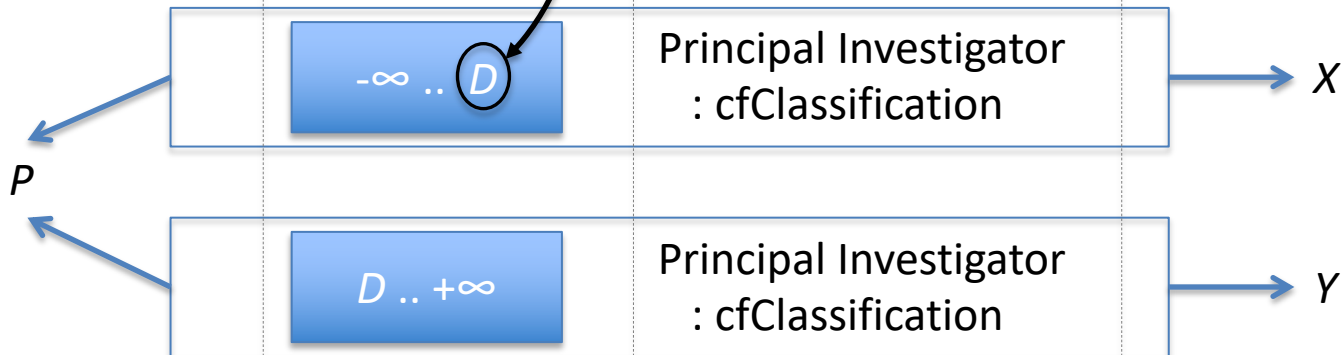
Before:

Validity range

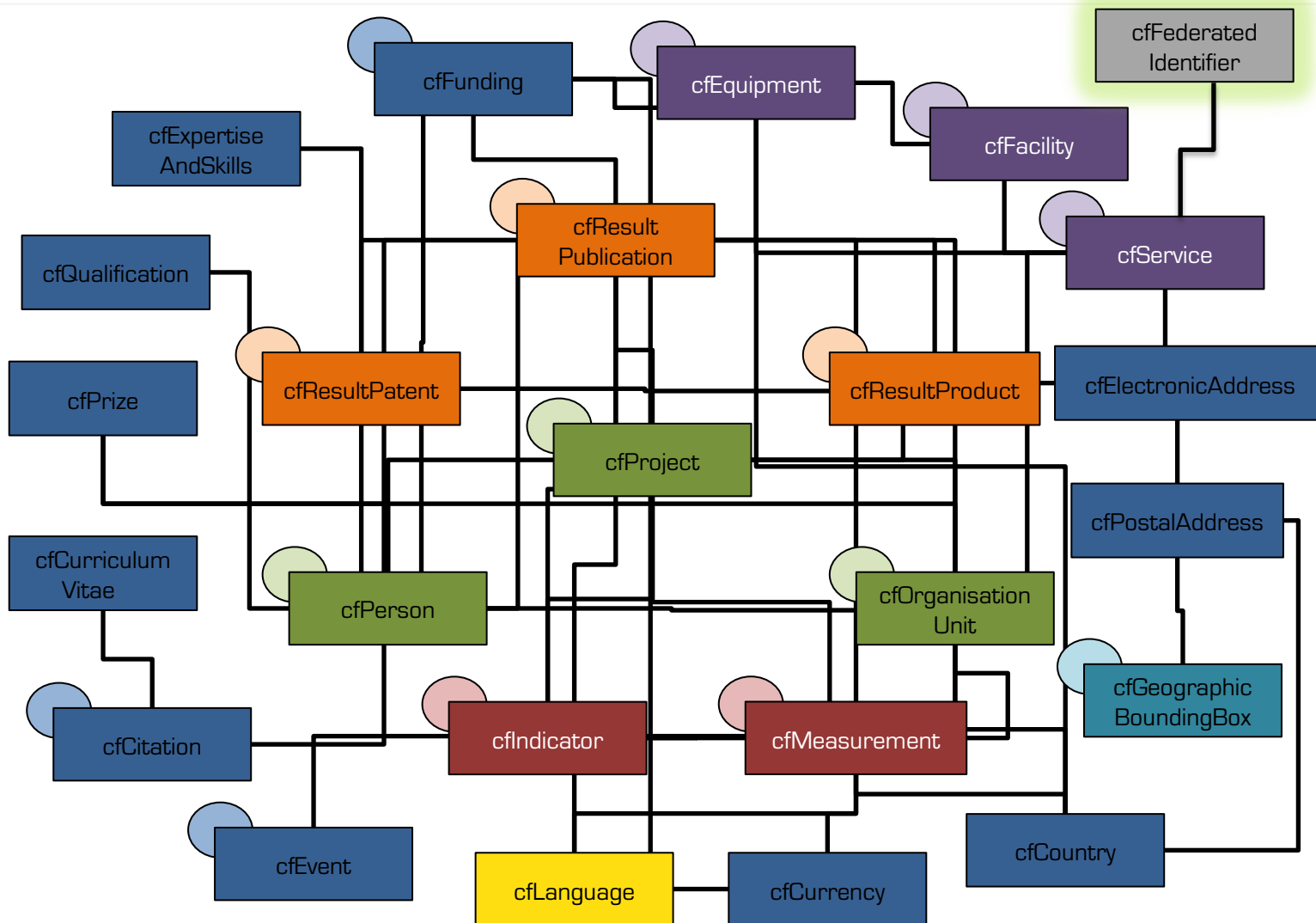
Role



After:



CERIF 1.6



CERIF Federated Identifiers

- Records the “tag” by which an object is known elsewhere
- For any CERIF research entity
- “Identifier Types” classification scheme
- (optionally) Connects to a Service representing the issuer of the identifier
 - Usually an information system

CERIF Federated Identifiers: Examples

Publication

- DOI
- PubMed Central ID
- WoS UT, Scopus EID
- ISBN, ISSN

Person

- ORCID iD
- ISNI
- ResearcherID, Scopus Author ID
- IdRef, DAI, Número Lattes
- Social Security Number or another administrative identifier
- Staff Id in an HR system

Project/Grant

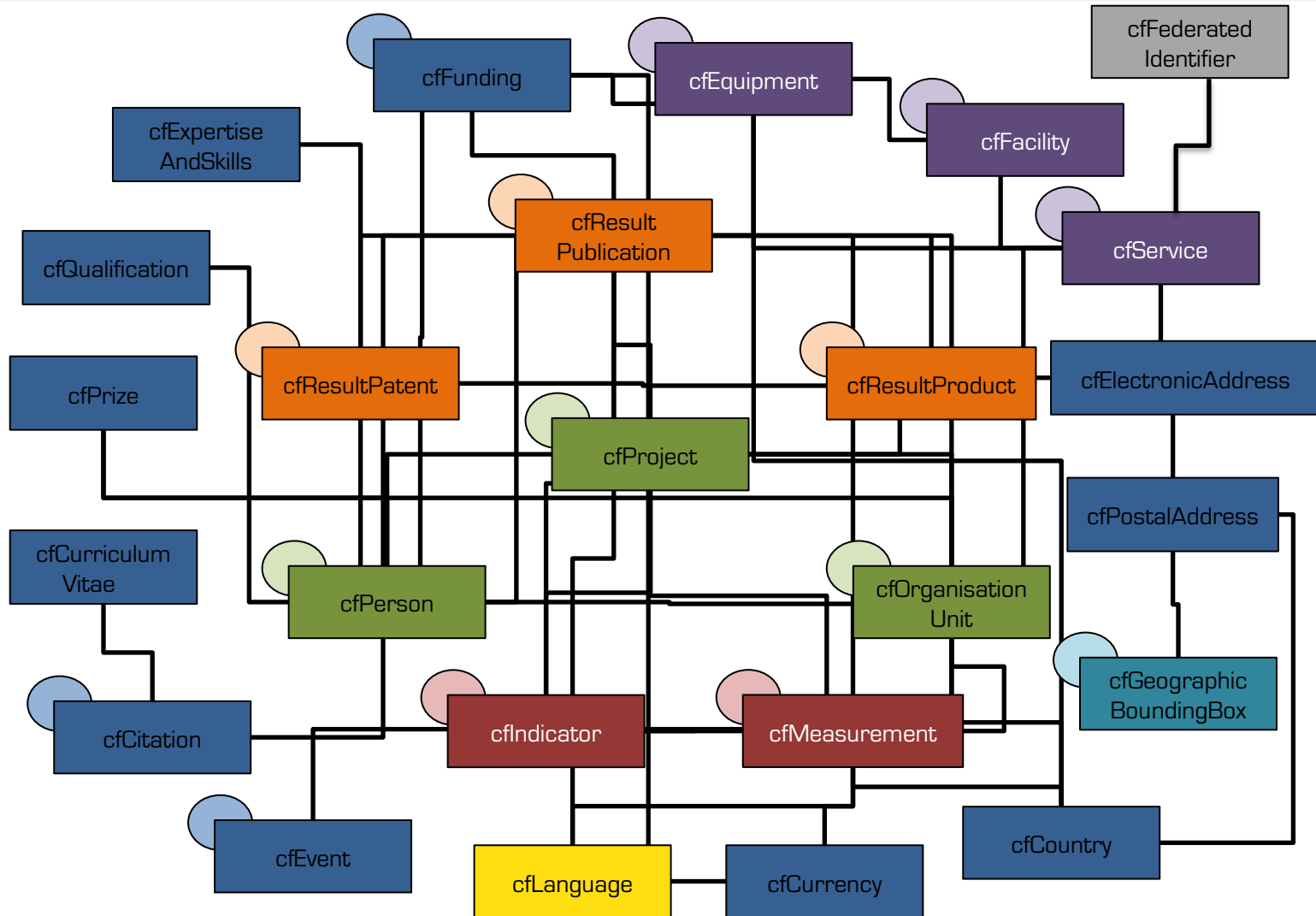
- Funder's reference number
- Organisation's reference number

Organisation

- ROR ID
- FundRefID
- Wikidata reference
- ISNI
- RingGold number
- Org Enhanced (WoS)
- VAT Identification Number or another administrative identifier

Classifications: External Codes

CERIF 1.6



Metadata Layers

Discovery metadata

DC, VIVO, MODS, METS, eGMS, DCAT, ...

Contextual metadata

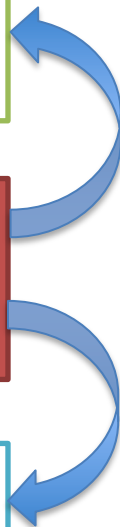
CERIF

Detailed metadata

Domain-specific standards

Generate

Reference



Current Research Information System

- Ongoing
- Past, of current interest
- Currently planned or decided upon

CERIF development

By the CERIF Task Group of euroCRIS

Adopting open-source software projects
tools & best practices:

- <https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-DataModel>
- <https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-Vocabularies>
- CC BY license

Two branches:

- master: latest official release (1.6.1)
- develop: on-going development

Model Info

[Model Info](#)
[ER Diagram](#)
[Entities](#)
[Attributes](#)
[Keys](#)
[Relationships](#)
[Domains](#)

➔ Basic Information

Project	CERIF: the Common European Research Information Format
Model	CERIF Data Model
Version	CERIF current development DM
Company	euroCRIS
Author	CERIF Task Group
Created	30.6.2014
Last Modified	22.12.2017

➔ Statistic Information

Entities	295		
Attributes	1829		
Domains	1		
User Data Types	0		
Relationships	671	Identifying 638	Non-identifying 33
Indexes	0		
Keys	298	Primary Keys 295	Alternate Keys 3
Views	0		
View Relationships	0		
Procedures	0		
Defaults	0		
Schemas	0		
Users	0		
User Groups	0		
Notes	0		

Common European Research Information Format

- CERIF is an EU Recommendation to Member States
- The European Commission (EC) has authorised euroCRIS to maintain and develop CERIF and its usage

<http://cordis.europa.eu/cerif/>

INTEROPERABILITY

Interoperability

1. Agreed Semantics
2. Agreed Format
3. Agreed Protocol

CERIF-XML exchange formats (based on XML Schema)

Original

1:1 with the ER structure

Only uses embedding for multilingual texts

→ Many foreign key relationships

→ Takes several API requests to get a presentable form of an object

2nd Generation

Template XML Schema → adaptation

Profiles: Useful subsets of CERIF for specific research information exchange scenarios

1. Specify a subset of CERIF entities & attributes
2. Fix semantic vocabularies to use
3. Add integrity constraints

Ex.: OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers 1.0.

DOI [10.5281/zenodo.17065](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.17065)

Ex.: OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers 1.1.

DOI [10.5281/zenodo.1298649](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1298649)

OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers 1.1

- Dvořák, Jan, Bollini, Andrea, Rémy, Laurent, & Schirrwagen, Jochen. (2018). OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers 1.1 (Version 1.1.1). Zenodo. DOI [10.5281/zenodo.2316420](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2316420)
- Document on the web <https://openaire-guidelines-for-cris-managers.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html>
 - Introduction
 - CRIS Information elements relevant for OpenAIRE
 - CERIF, CERIF XML
 - Technical implementation guidelines
 - CERIF XML as payload of OAI-PMH 2.0
- Version 1.1.2 being finalized
<https://github.com/openaire/guidelines-cris-managers>
with Andreas Czerniak and Dragan Ivanović

Version 1.1: Aligned vocabularies

- COAR Resource Types (v. 3.1)
- COAR Access Rights
- ISSN Media List

OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers
latest

Search docs

Introduction

- CRIS information elements relevant for OpenAIRE
 - Publication
 - Internal Identifier
 - Type
 - Language
 - Title
 - Subtitle
 - PublishedIn
 - PartOf
 - PublicationDate
 - Number
 - Volume
 - Issue
 - Edition

Read the Docs v: latest

Type

Description: The type of the publication

Use: mandatory (1)

Representation: XML element `Type` from namespace https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/COAR_Publication_Types

CERIF: the ResultPublication_Classification (https://w3id.org/cerif/model#ResultPublication_Classification)

Vocabulary: Publication types extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme: Types of publications as extracted from the COAR Resource Types concept scheme (http://vocabularies.coar-repositories.org/documentation/resource_types/, the term 'text' and its descendants in the hierarchy except 'patent').

- **text** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_18cf): A resource consisting primarily of words for reading. Examples include books, letters, dissertations, poems, newspapers, articles, archives of mailing lists. Note that facsimiles or images of texts are still of the genre Text.
 - **annotation** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_1162): An annotation in the sense of a legal note is a legally explanatory comment on a decision handed down by a court or arbitral tribunal.
 - **bibliography** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_86bc): A systematic list or enumeration of written works by a specific author or on a given subject.
 - **book** (http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_2f33): A non-serial publication that is complete in one volume or a designated finite number of volumes. (adapted from CITO; EPrint Type vocabulary)

Information scope of the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers 1.1

The Core:

- The CRIS as a Service
- Organisations
- Researchers

Activities:

- Projects
- Funding
- Events

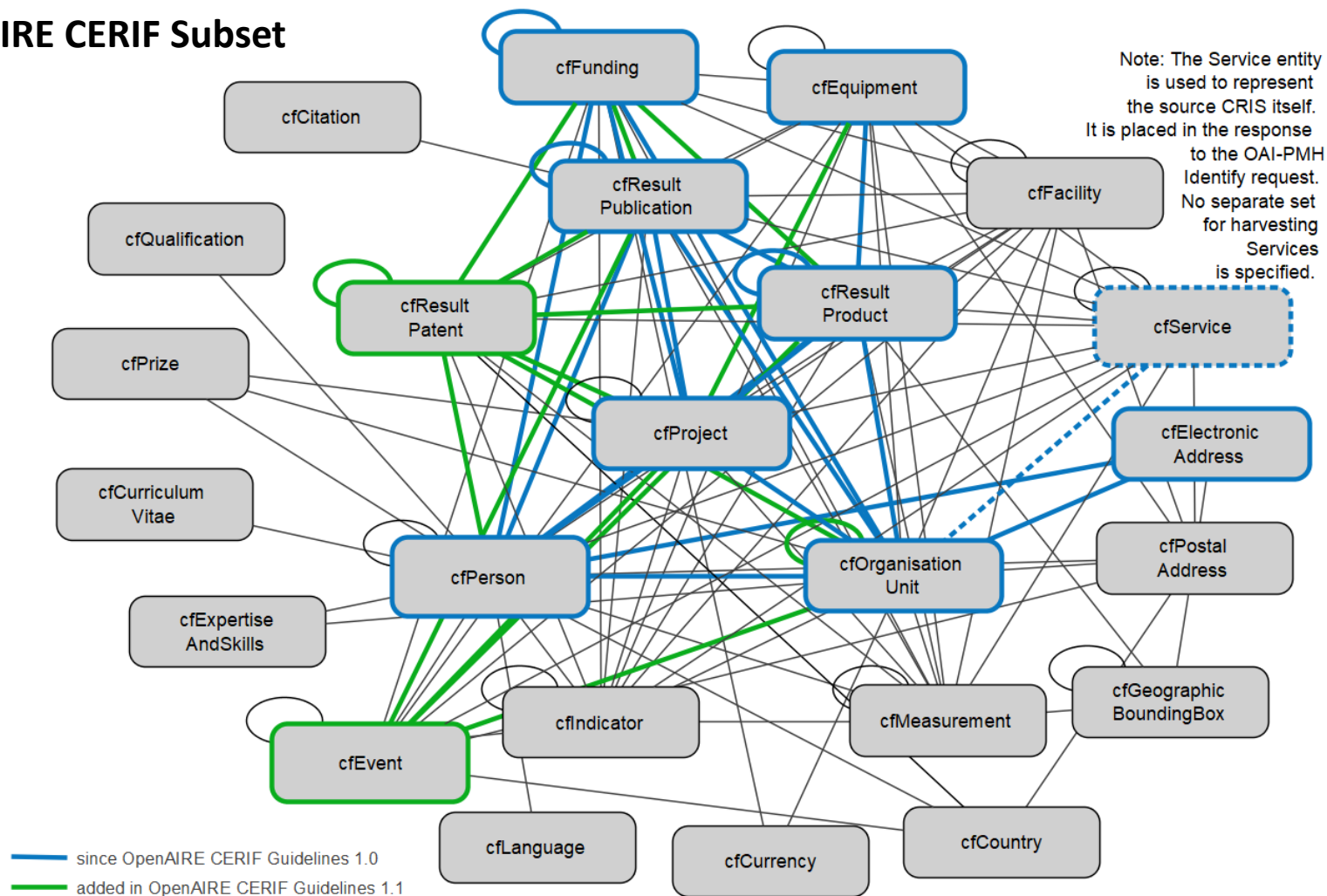
Outputs:

- Publications
- Datasets, Software & other Products
- Patents

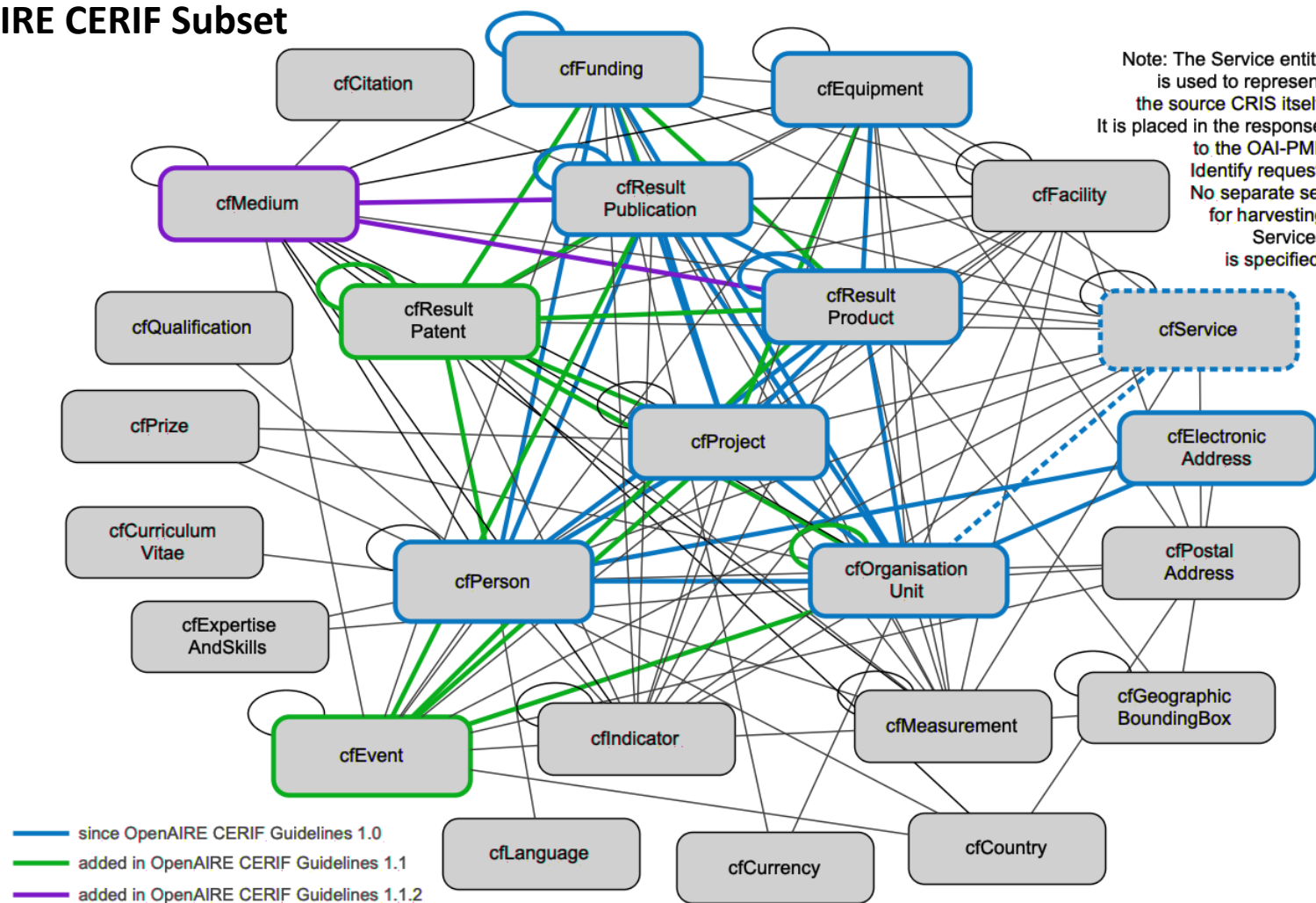
Infrastructure:

- Equipment

OpenAIRE CERIF Subset



OpenAIRE CERIF Subset



Identifiers

- Publication:
 - DOI
 - Handle
 - PMCID
 - ISI Number (WoS Accession Number)
 - SCP Number
 - ISSN
 - ISBN
 - URL
 - URN
- Persons:
 - ORCID iD
 - ISNI
 - ResearcherID
 - Scopus Author ID
- Products:
 - DOI
 - ARK
 - Handle
 - URL
 - URN

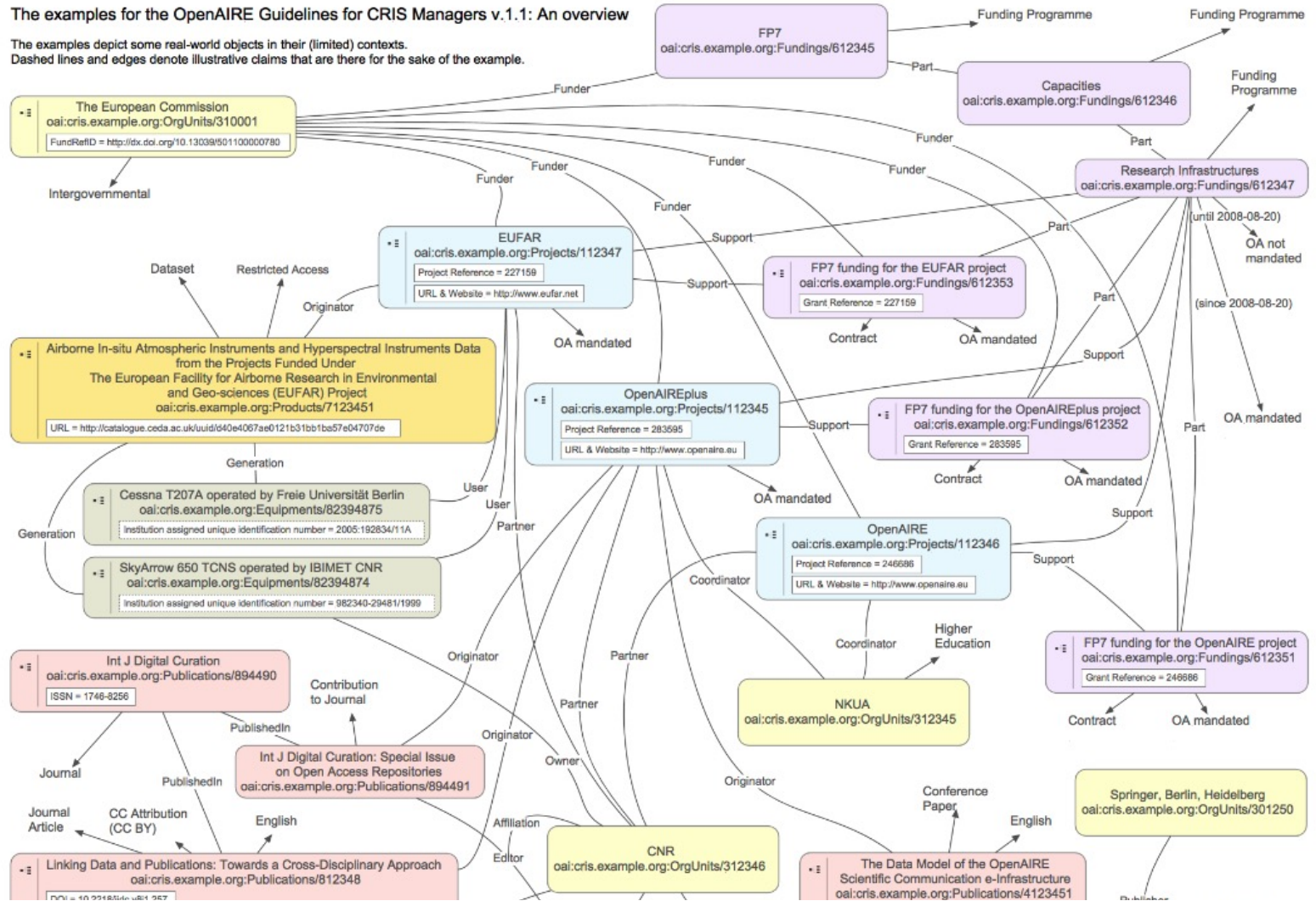
Plus a generic option

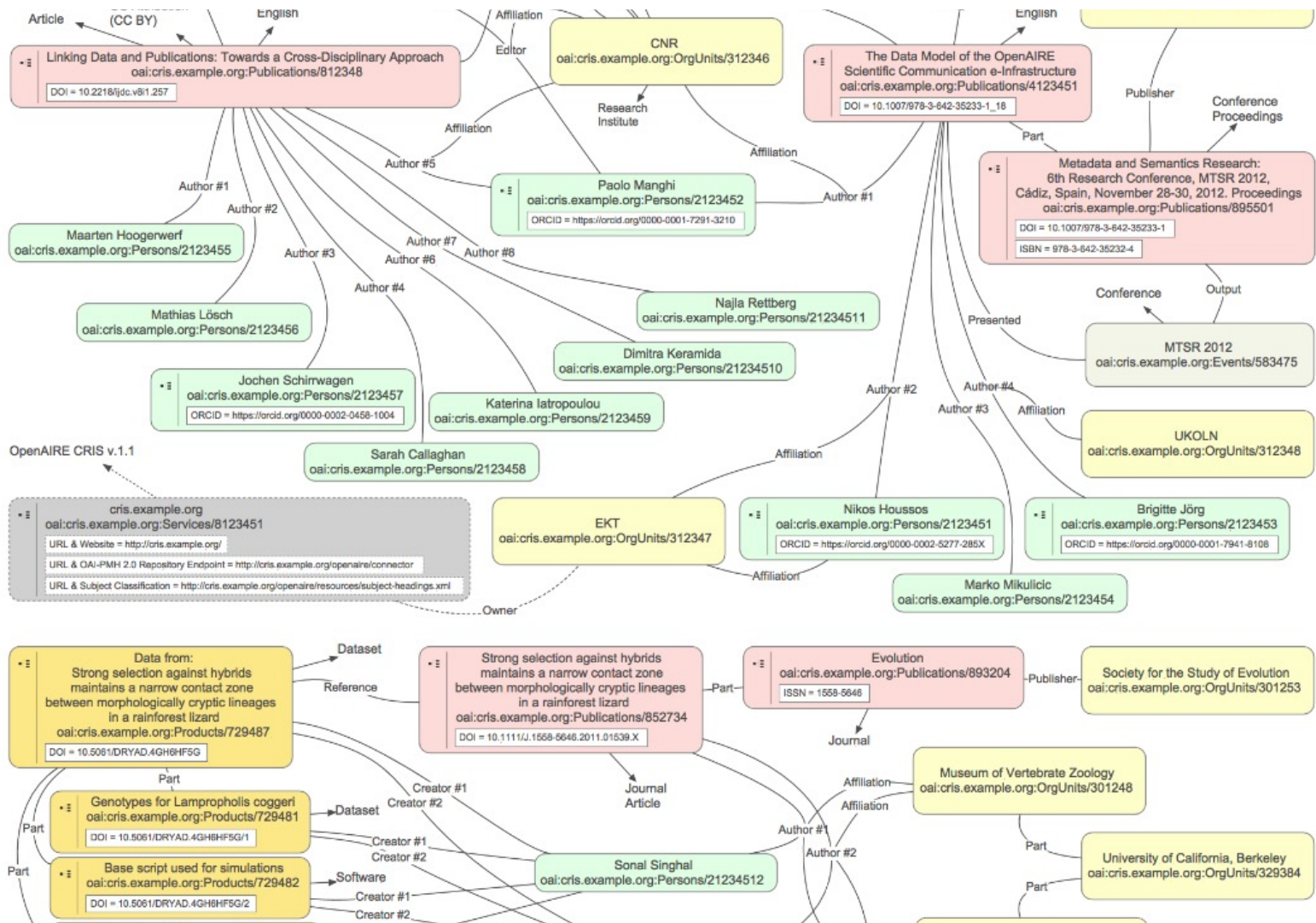
Supporting artifacts

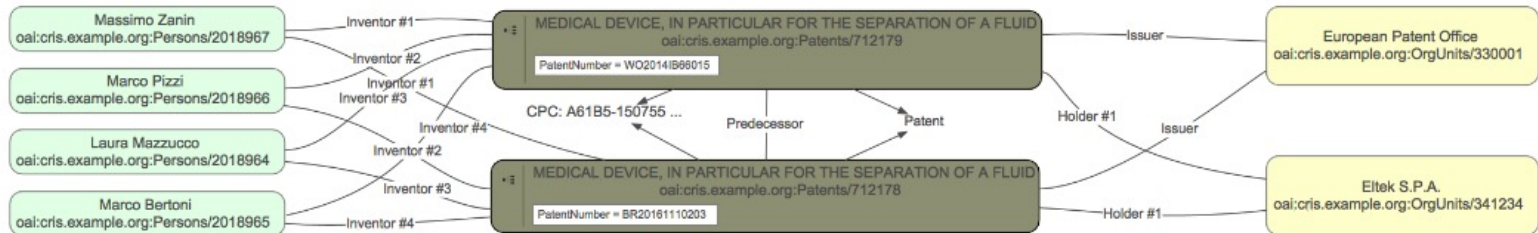
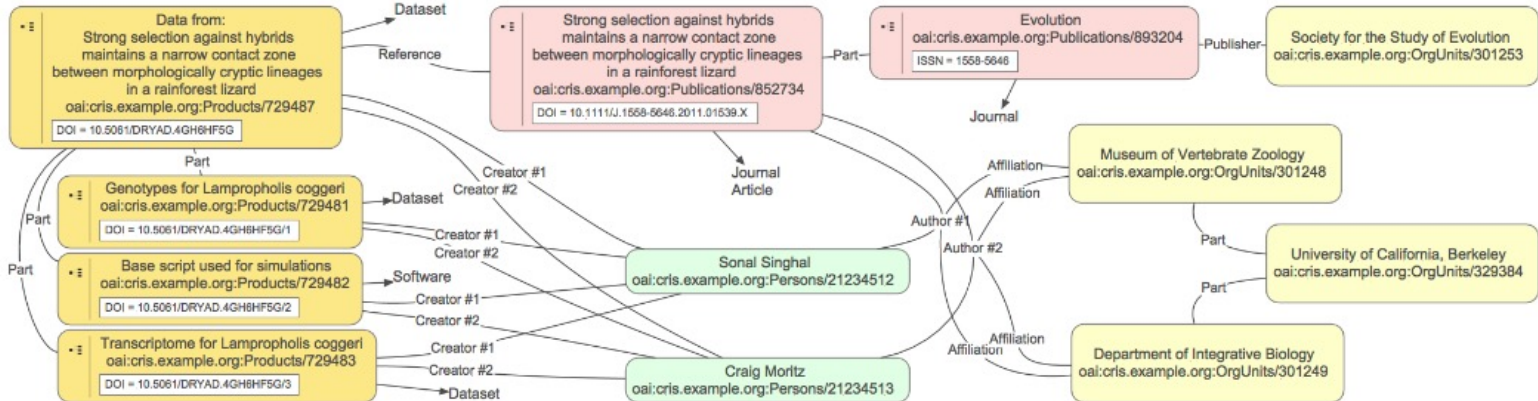
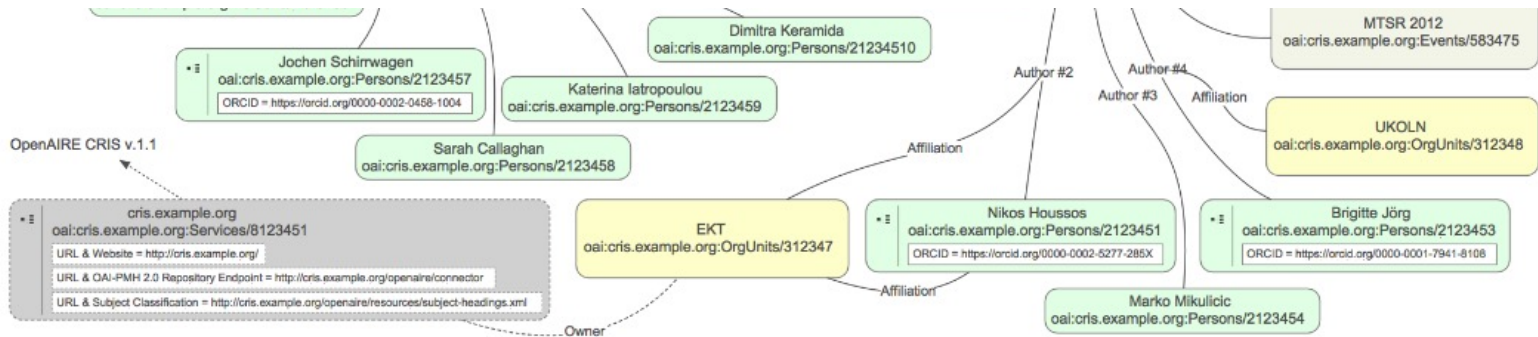
- XML Schema
 - Namespace <https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/>
 - A few Schematron integrity rules embedded
- A comprehensive set of examples
- Prototype validator

The examples for the OpenAIRE Guidelines for CRIS Managers v.1.1: An overview

The examples depict some real-world objects in their (limited) contexts. Dashed lines and edges denote illustrative claims that are there for the sake of the example.







```
<Publication xmlns="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/" id="852734">
  <Type xmlns="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-
profile/vocab/COAR_Publication_Types">http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_6501<!-- journal article --></Type>
  <Title xml:lang="en">Strong selection against hybrids maintains a narrow contact zone between morphologically cryptic
lineages in a rainforest lizard</Title>
  <PublishedIn>
    <Publication id="893204">
      <Type scheme="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-
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      <Title xml:lang="en">Evolution</Title>
      <ISSN medium="http://issn.org/vocabularies/Medium#Online">1558-5646</ISSN>
      <Publishers>
        <!-- [ ... ] -->
      </Publishers>
    </Publication>
  </PublishedIn>
  <Volume>66</Volume>
  <Issue>5</Issue>
  <StartPage>1474</StartPage>
  <EndPage>1489</EndPage>
  <DOI>10.1111/J.1558-5646.2011.01539.X</DOI>
  <!-- [ ... ] -->
</Publication>
```

```
<Publication xmlns="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/" id="852734">
  <!-- [ ... ] -->
  <Authors>
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      <Person>
        <PersonName>
          <FamilyNames>Singhal</FamilyNames>
          <FirstNames>Sonal</FirstNames>
        </PersonName>
      </Person>
      <Affiliation>
        <OrgUnit id="301248">
          <Name xml:lang="en">Museum of Vertebrate Zoology</Name>
          <PartOf>
            <OrgUnit id="329384">
              <Name xml:lang="en">University of California, Berkeley</Name>
            </OrgUnit>
          </PartOf>
        </OrgUnit>
      </Affiliation> <!-- [ ... ] -->
    </Author> <!-- [ ... ] -->
  </Authors>
  <!-- [ ... ] -->
</Publication>
```

```
<Publication xmlns="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/1.1/" id="852734">
  <!-- [ ... ] -->
  <Keyword xml:lang="en">hybrid zones</Keyword>
  <Keyword xml:lang="en">phylogeography</Keyword>
  <Abstract xml:lang="en">Phenotypically cryptic lineages comprise an important yet understudied part of biodiversity;
  <!-- [...] --></Abstract>
  <References>
    <Product id="729487">
      <Type xmlns="https://www.openaire.eu/cerif-profile/vocab/COAR_Product_Types">http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ddb1<!-- dataset --></Type>
      <Name xml:lang="en">Data from: Strong selection against hybrids maintains a narrow contact zone between
morphologically cryptic lineages in a rainforest lizard</Name>
      <VersionInfo xml:lang="en">1</VersionInfo>
      <DOI>10.5061/DRYAD.4GH6HF5G</DOI>
      <!-- [...] -->
    </Product>
  </References>
</Publication>
```


CERIF Profiles

Producers know
what to include



Consumers know
what to expect

CERIF Profiles

Useful subsets of CERIF
for specific research information
interchange scenarios

- Entities & attributes:
 - Profile \subset CERIF
- Semantic vocabularies:
 - Profile – specific choices
 - Sources: CERIF & beyond
- Integrity constraints:
 - Profile \supset CERIF

Profile data is
CERIF

CERIF Refactoring

- Address shortcomings of current CERIF
- Modernize CERIF
 - Take away the perceived complexity of CERIF
 - Involve the community in further development of CERIF
 - New modelling approach (and tool), modularity, modern serialization formats
- Ongoing project started 2021

CERIF REFACTORING

CERIF Refactoring Goals

1. Keep the strong features of current CERIF
 - a. Multilinguality
2. Take away the perceived complexity of CERIF
 - a. Emphasize the conceptual model
 - b. Improve documentation
3. Modernize CERIF
 - a. Change the modeling notation
 - b. Adapt CERIF for usage in APIs and for Linked Open Data
 - c. Modern serialization formats
 - d. Allow for systematic provenance tracking and verifiable credentials
4. Involve the community in further development of CERIF
 - a. Modularity
 - b. Open source sw development practices

CERIF Refactoring Means

1. New modelling approach (and tool)
 - a. Improved documentation
 - b. Element addressability
2. Modularity (\Rightarrow scalability of further CERIF development)
 - a. The Core and pluggable modules
 - b. Datatypes to represent reusable functional groups
 - c. Developed in a decentralized way
3. Modern serialization formats (with appropriate schema expressions)
 - a. JSON-LD (JSON Schema, SHACL) for APIs
 - b. RDF (RDF Schema, SHACL) for LOD
 - c. previously: XML (XML Schema, Schematron)

CERIF Core

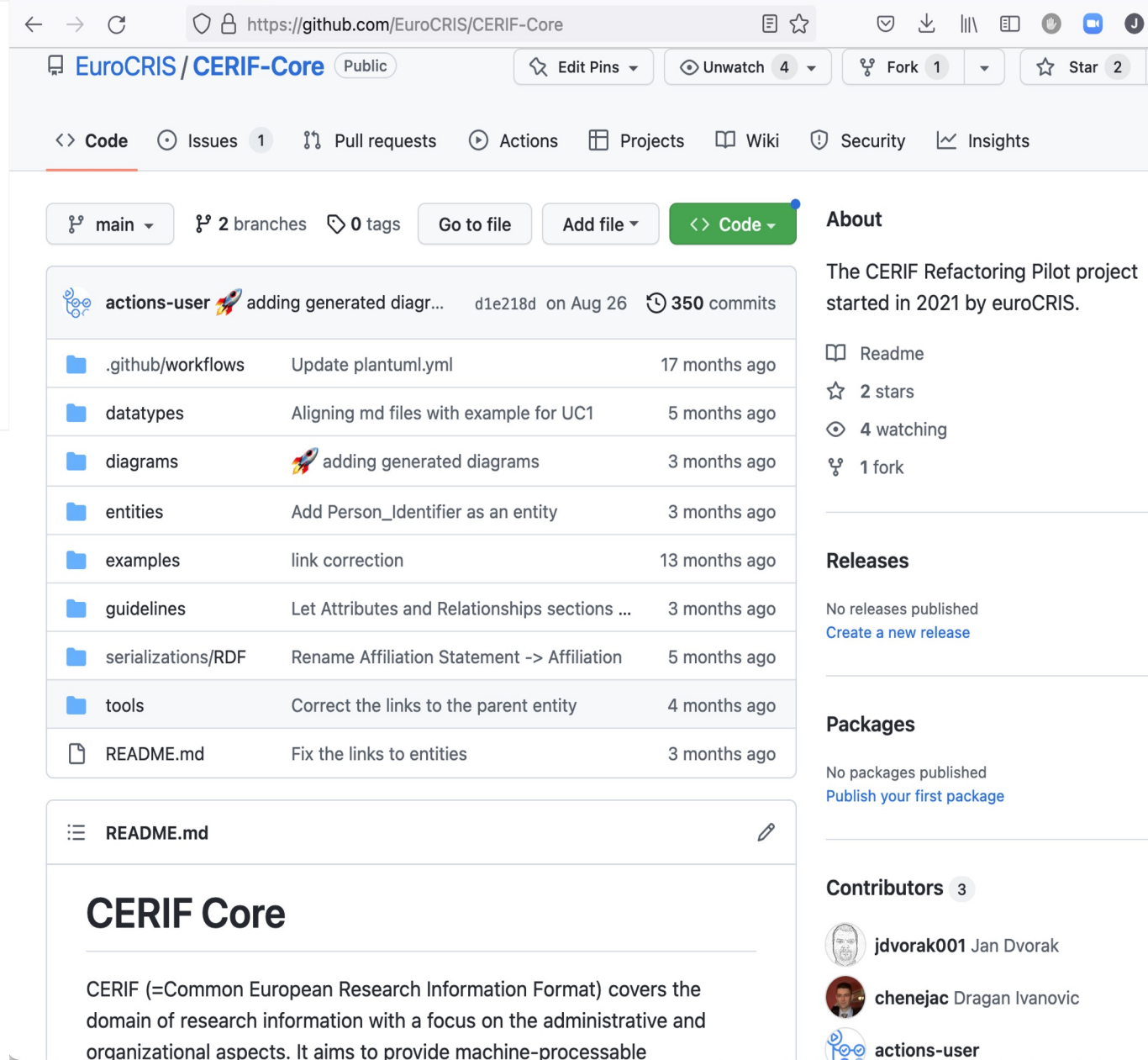
Contains:

- common data types
- abstract entities
- commonly used entities
- common constructs

The basis for:

- Particular research information interchange scenarios
- Extensions in terms of coverage

A prototype
CERIF Core
repository at
[https://github.com/
EuroCRIS/
CERIF-Core](https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-Core)



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for EuroCRIS/CERIF-Core. The repository is public and has 2 stars, 4 watchers, and 1 fork. The main branch is selected, and there are 2 branches and 0 tags. The repository contains several folders and files, including .github/workflows, datatypes, diagrams, entities, examples, guidelines, serializations/RDF, tools, and README.md. The README.md file is open, showing the title "CERIF Core" and the description: "CERIF (=Common European Research Information Format) covers the domain of research information with a focus on the administrative and organizational aspects. It aims to provide machine-processable".

https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-Core

EuroCRIS / CERIF-Core Public

Code Issues 1 Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights

main 2 branches 0 tags Go to file Add file <> Code

actions-user adding generated diag... d1e218d on Aug 26 350 commits

.github/workflows	Update plantuml.yml	17 months ago
datatypes	Aligning md files with example for UC1	5 months ago
diagrams	adding generated diagrams	3 months ago
entities	Add Person_Identifier as an entity	3 months ago
examples	link correction	13 months ago
guidelines	Let Attributes and Relationships sections ...	3 months ago
serializations/RDF	Rename Affiliation Statement -> Affiliation	5 months ago
tools	Correct the links to the parent entity	4 months ago
README.md	Fix the links to entities	3 months ago

README.md

CERIF Core

CERIF (=Common European Research Information Format) covers the domain of research information with a focus on the administrative and organizational aspects. It aims to provide machine-processable

About

The CERIF Refactoring Pilot project started in 2021 by euroCRIS.

- Readme
- 2 stars
- 4 watching
- 1 fork

Releases

No releases published
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published
[Publish your first package](#)

Contributors 3

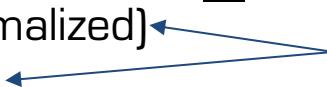
- jdvorak001 Jan Dvorak
- chenejac Dragan Ivanovic
- actions-user

CERIF Agent

Def: Anything that has the ability to perform actions.

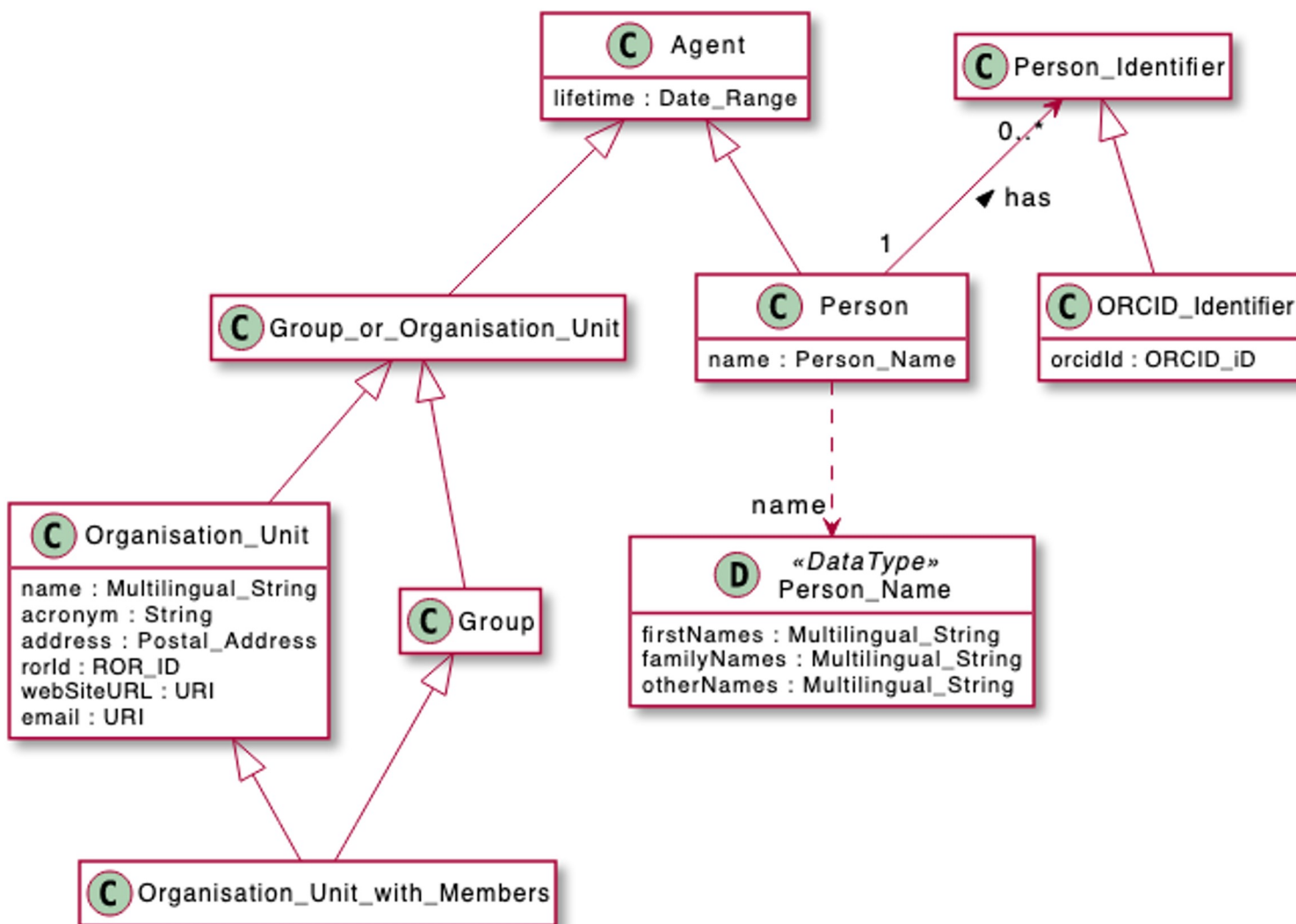
Generalizes the former cfPerson + cfOrgUnit

Subclassed as:

- Person
 - Group_or_Organisation_Unit
 - Organisation_Unit (formalized)
 - Group (has members)
- Organisation_Unit_with_Members
- 

(following FOAF)

The Agent Hierarchy



CERIF Activity

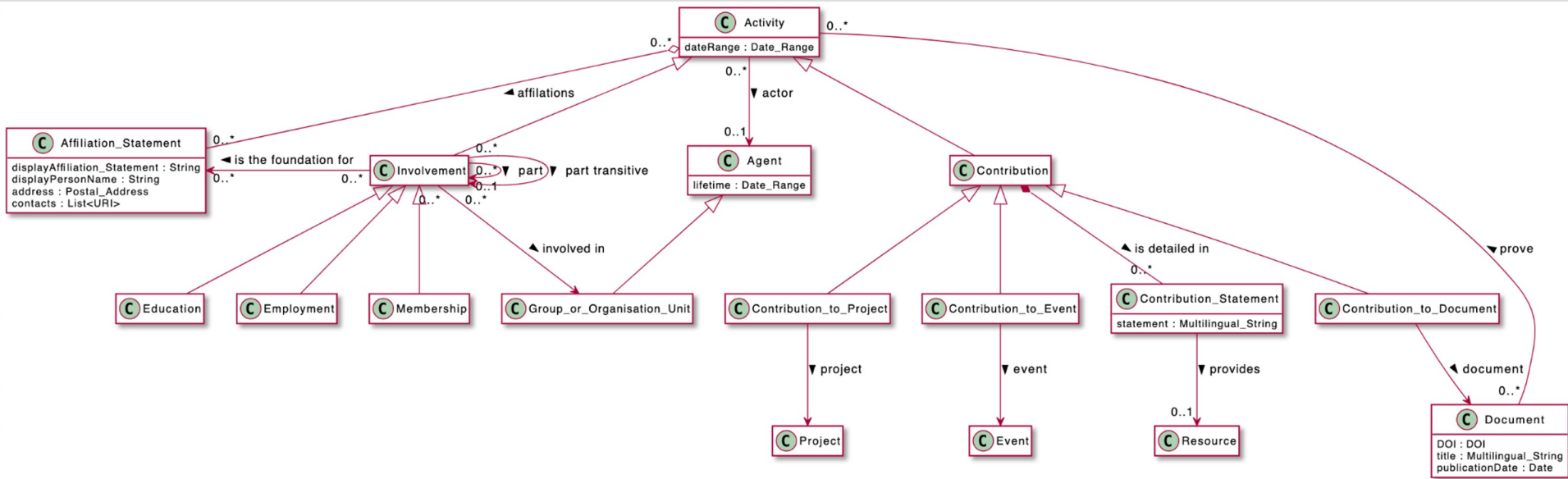
Def: Anything an Agent does.

Subclassed as:

- Involvement (Membership, Employment or Education)
in a Group or Organisation Unit
- Contribution to a Document, a Project, an Event, ...

This is a refinement of the Linking Entities of current CERIF starting from cfPerson or cfOrgUnit (dateRange is an attribute of Activity)

Activity hierarchy



CERIF AffiliationStatement

To give context to the Agent in his/her/its Activities.

Person

OrgUnit



Person is member

Person with affiliation to OrgUnit is member

OrgUnit is member, represented by Person

OrgUnit is member, represented by Position

OrgUnit is member

Where does the person come from?
Why are they there?

Who represents the orgunit? Who should we talk to?

CERIF Project & Funding

Project: A temporary endeavor undertaken to create a unique product, service or result.

(Source: the Project Management Institute)

Funding: Money provided by an organization or government for a particular purpose.

(Source: the Oxford Learner's Dictionary of Academic English)

Common confusion: funders, institutions and researchers alike may say "Project" when they mean "Project with Funding" or "Funding".

Funding: a specific type of Resource

It's not just Funding that enables research. There is also:

- The expertise, time & effort of Researchers
- Prior knowledge (from Documents)
- Housing the research, the administrative backing by Institutions
- Services offered by Facilities:
 - Laboratories
 - Supercomputing centres
 - Data archives
 - Libraries
 - ...
- Other Services
 - Publishing

Most of these can be had in exchange for some Funding

Resources exist in different modes

Planned

Sought for

Constructed / Secured

Offered / Invitation to use

Considered

Applied for / Negotiated

Approved / Agreed upon

Contracted

Used

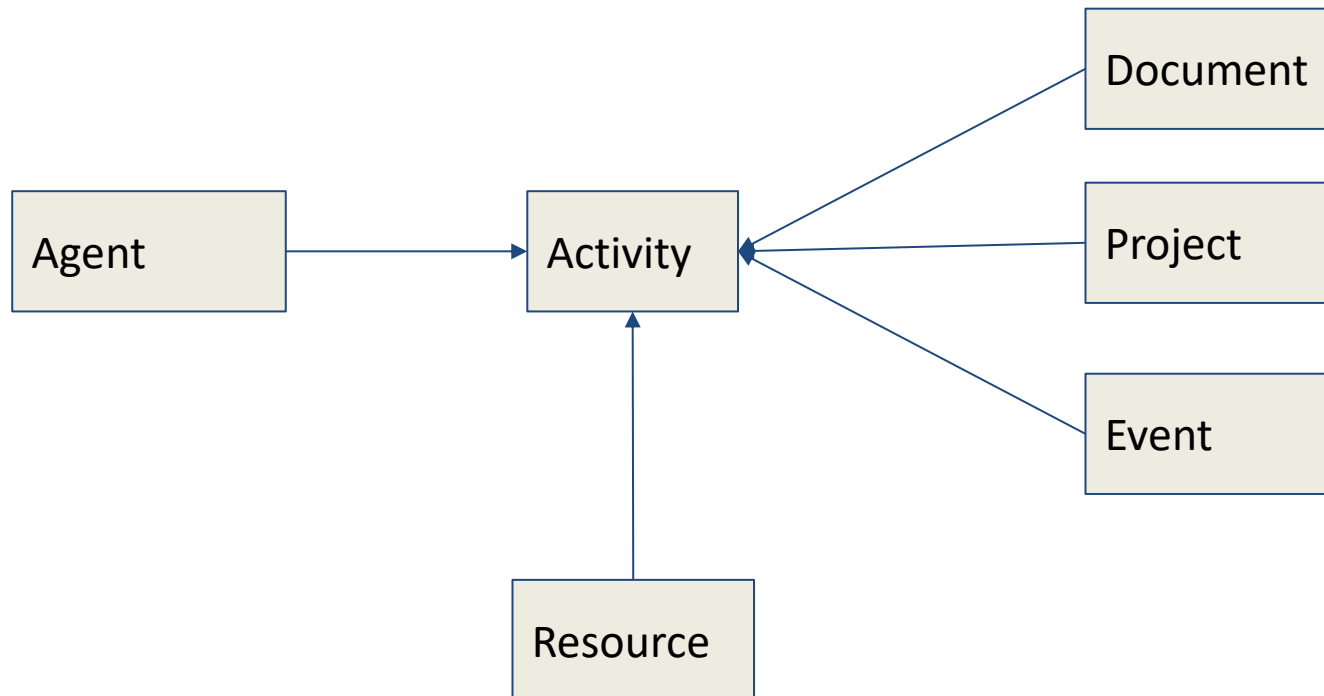
CERIF Document

Def: A document is a bounded representation of a body of information designed with the capacity (and usually intent) to communicate. A document may manifest symbolic, diagrammatic or sensory-representational information.

(Source: The Bibo Ontology,
<http://purl.org/ontology/bibo/Document>)

Accommodates current cfResultPublication, cfResultPatent and some of cfResultProduct

CERIF Core “View from the Top”



CERIF Modules

Add functionality

- E.g. the Scholarly publication module

Customize the model for a specific scenario

- E.g. institutions to report publications produced with Horizon Europe funding to the EC (tentative)

Contributed by another group of people

Reuse & Extend stuff from the Core and other modules

Candidate modules:

- Dataset metadata
- Research software metadata
- Bibliometric indicators
- Project reporting
- Research Infrastructure description

CERIF Scholarly Publication Module

1st module started along with the Core

Scope:

- Journal Article
- Journal
- Monograph
- (Book Chapter)
- (Proceedings Paper)


https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-ScholarlyPublicationsModule









← → ↻ <https://github.com/EuroCRIS/CERIF-ScholarlyPublicationsModule> ☆


EuroCRIS / CERIF-ScholarlyPublicationsModule Public Edit Pins Unwatch 3 Fork 0 Star 0

<> Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags Go to file Add file Code

 **jdvorak001** Add human-readable anchors to the journal-articles relationship ✓ 7fe3b7a on 10 Mar 87 commits


 .github/workflows	Update plantuml.yml	6 months ago
 datatypes	The initial creation of datatypes ISBN and ISSN, and update of Editor...	10 months ago
 diagrams	 adding generated diagrams	2 months ago
 entities	Add human-readable anchors to the journal-articles relationship	2 months ago
 examples	link correction	6 months ago
 serializations/RDF	adding examples directory	6 months ago
 README.md	The Development section now references the Core	6 months ago

☰ **README.md** 


CERIF Scholarly Publications Module


A module to represent scholarly publications in the refactored CERIF. Its secondary purpose is to demonstrate the liason between the [CERIF Core](#) and a module.


Status


About 

No description, website, or topics provided.

 Readme

 0 stars

 3 watching

 0 forks



Releases

No releases published
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published
[Publish your first package](#)

Contributors 3

-  **chenejac** Dragan Ivanovic
-  **jdvorak001** Jan Dvorak



Thank you!